

KEY FINDINGS

- 1. Two-thirds of Americans say they have at least a lot of respect K-12 teaching as a profession. However, nearly the same proportion say that teachers are undervalued. Respect for teaching is comparable to engineers, and a little lower than doctors and military service members. Less than one-third express a lot of respect for school board members.
- 2. More than two-thirds of Americans have heard of teacher shortages in the last month. School parents have slightly higher awareness of teacher shortages, compared to all adults. News media appear to drive this information and awareness rather than friends, family, or schools, but the gap is slightly smaller among school parents.
- Perceptions that spending on public schools is "too low" increased in August, with about half of parents saying spending is too low. Providing a
 publicly-reported per-pupil spending statistic still significantly shrinks the proportion saying funding is too low.
- 4. School parents continue to cite location, a safe environment, and academic quality as the main reasons why their child is enrolled in a specific school type. More specifically, home school parents prioritize one-on-one attention and a safe environment. Private school parents emphasize academic quality and class size in addition to a safe environment. District school parents most frequently say location and affordability are key reasons.
- 5. Overall interest in learning pods and tutoring slightly declined in August. The amounts parents were willing to pay for these activities decreased. The monthly amounts parents would be willing to spend also decreased slightly (pod: \$407/child/month; tutoring: \$348/child/month).
- 6. In August, economic issues still dominates voting priorities at the local, state, and federal levels. Education was considered a higher priority at the local and state levels. Trend based on Americans' prioritizing of education issues locally vs. nationally have diverged."
- 7. Overall support for school choice policies remains high among both school parents and the general public, respectively:
 - Education savings accounts (ESAs) 75% / 68%
 - School vouchers 72% / 62%
 - Charter schools 73% / 64%
 - Open enrollment 78% / 70%

Methodology:

This poll was conducted between August 15-16, 2022 among a sample of 2,200 Adults. The interviews were conducted online and the data were weighted to approximate a target sample of Adults based on gender, educational attainment, age, race, and region. Results based on the full survey have a measure of precision of plus or minus 2.32 percentage points..

AGENDA

VIEWS ON K-12 EDUCATION

VIEWS ON SCHOOLING

SCHOOL CHOICE POLICIES

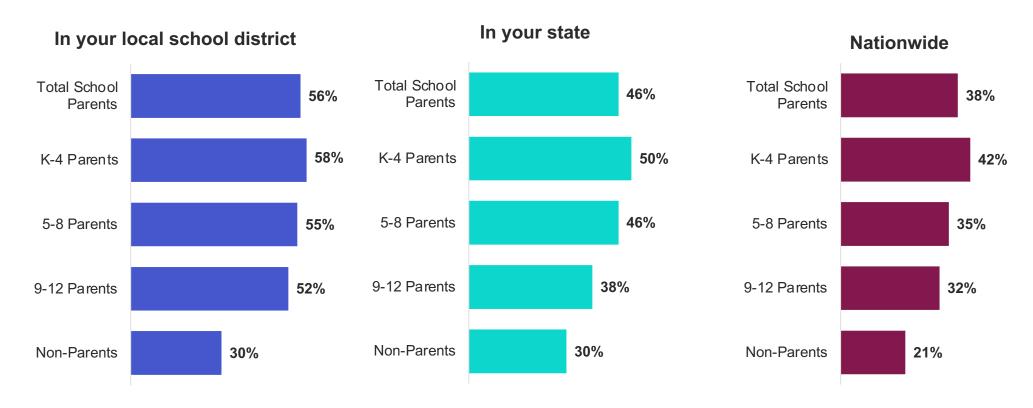
SURVEY PROFILE AND DEMOGRAPHICS



School parents are much more positive than non-parents regarding the direction of K-12 education – especially at the local level.

Do you feel things in K-12 Education are generally going in the right direction, or do you feel things have generally gotten off on the wrong track?

% Right Direction

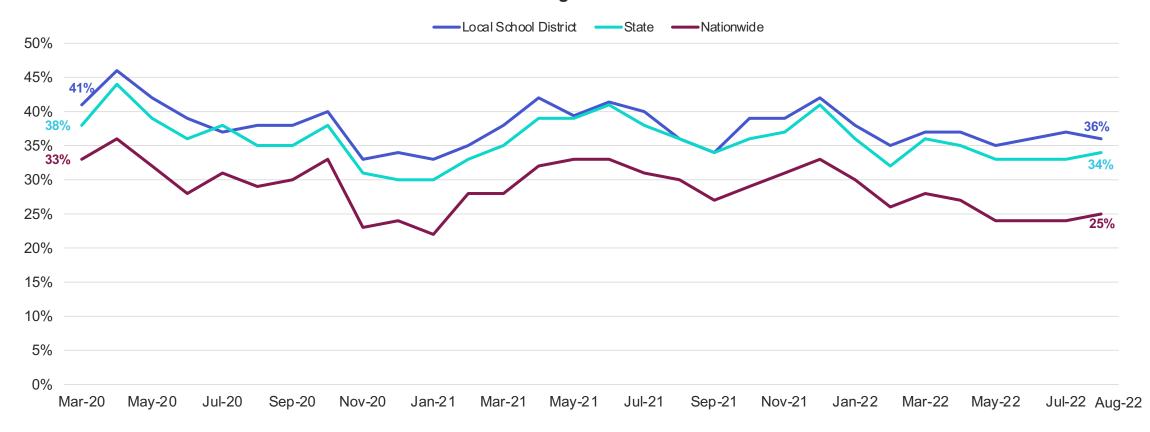


In August, the public's positive views about the direction of K-12 education were stable.

Do you feel things in K-12 Education are generally going in the right direction, or do you feel things have generally gotten off on the wrong track?

All Adults

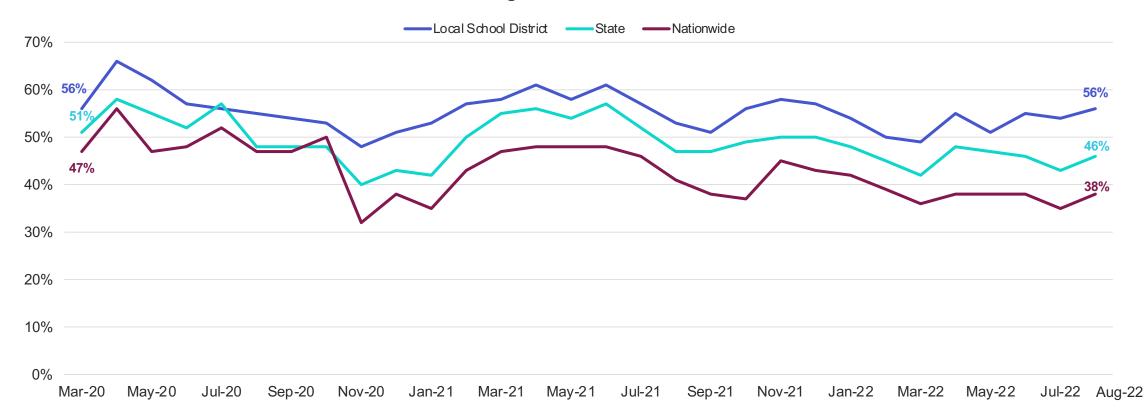
% Right Direction



School parents' perceptions of K-12 education were slightly more positive in August compared to July. The 'right direction' response increased three points each at the national and state levels.

Do you feel things in K-12 Education are generally going in the right direction, or do you feel things have generally gotten off on the wrong track?





Americans are most likely to say core academic subjects are extremely important for grades K-8. At the high school level, parents prioritize skills for future employment.

What do you believe should be the main purpose of education during Kindergarten through 8th grade/High School? In your opinion, how important is it for students to learn...

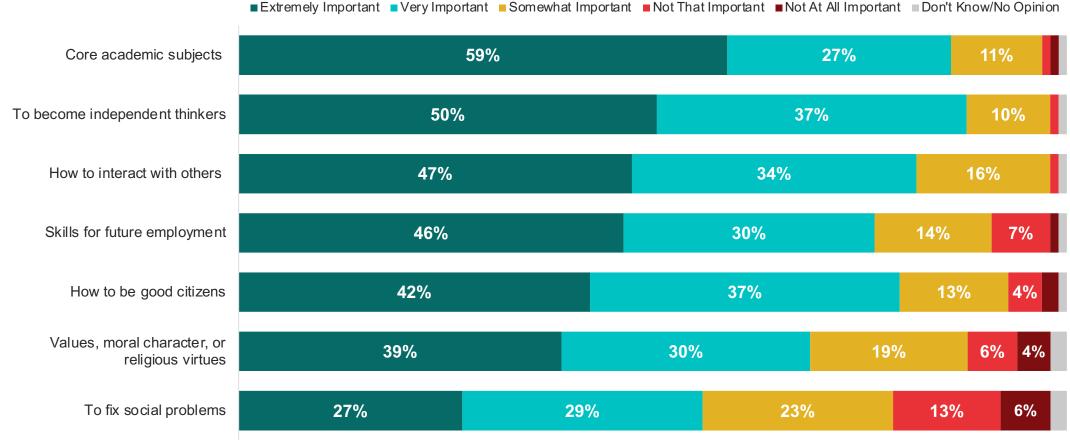
All Adults

% Extremely Important

Grades K-8	Grades 9-12				
Average % selected Extremely Important 43%	Average % selected Extremely Important 46%				
© Core academic subjects (59%)	Skills for future employment (59%)				
- Decome independent thinkers (49%)	© Core academic subjects (58%)				
Socialization (47%)	-`ó- Become independent thinkers (52%)				
Skills for future employment (46%)	How to be good citizens (48%)				
How to be good citizens (46%)	Socialization (45%)				
Values, moral character, religious virtues (37%)	Values, moral character, religious virtues (36%)				
To fix social problems (24%)	To fix social problems (27%)				

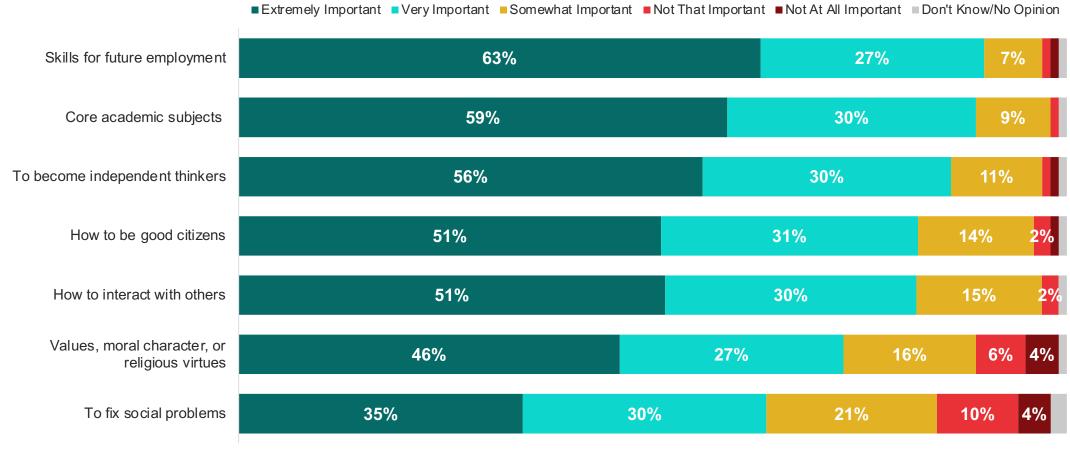
School parents are most likely to say core academic subjects are an extremely important purpose of K-8 education. They view fixing social problems as much less important.

What do you believe should be the main purpose of education during Kindergarten through 8th grade? In your opinion, how important is it for students to learn...



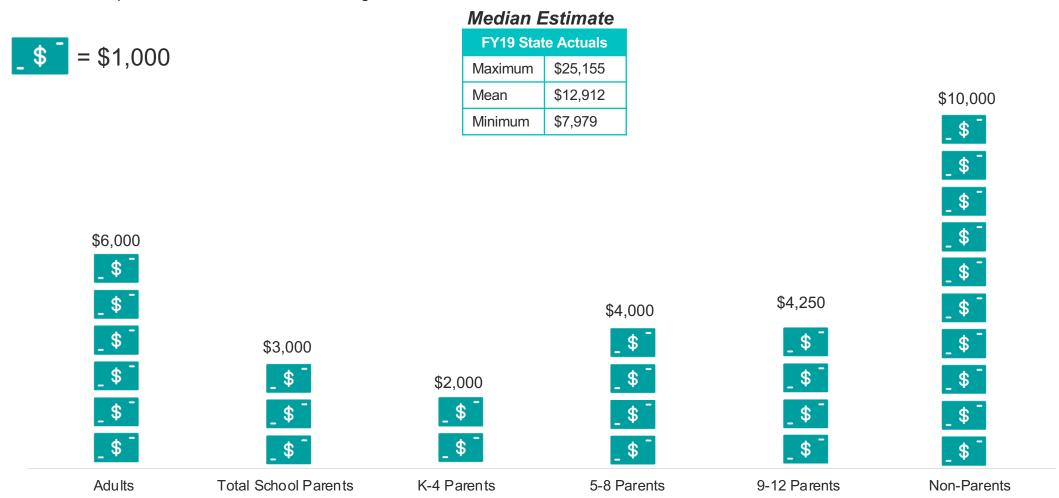
School parents are most likely to say that high school should focus on skills for future employment and core academic subjects.

What do you believe should be the main purpose of education during **High School (9th through 12th grade)**? In your opinion, how important is it for students to learn...



Americans believe government spending per student is lower than actual reported expenditures. School parents are more likely than non-parents to underestimate perstudent spending.

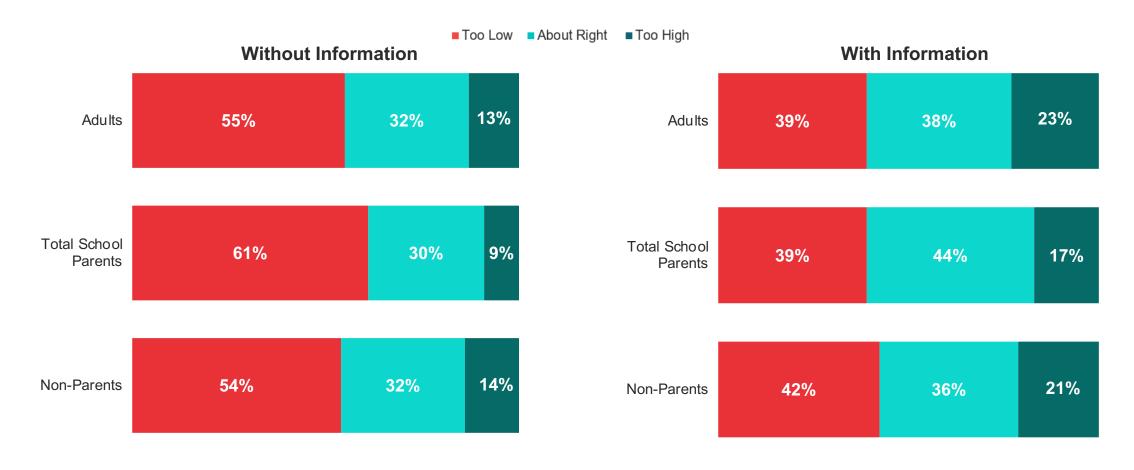
How much do you think is spent per year on each student in your state's public schools? Your estimate of the state average—to the nearest thousand dollars—will represent the combined expenditures of local, state, and federal governments.



Americans are much less likely (-16 points) to say their state's per-student spending is "too low" when given a publicly reported statistic.

Do you believe public school funding in [STATE] is:

On average, [STATE] spends \$____ per student attending public school each year. Do you believe public school funding is:

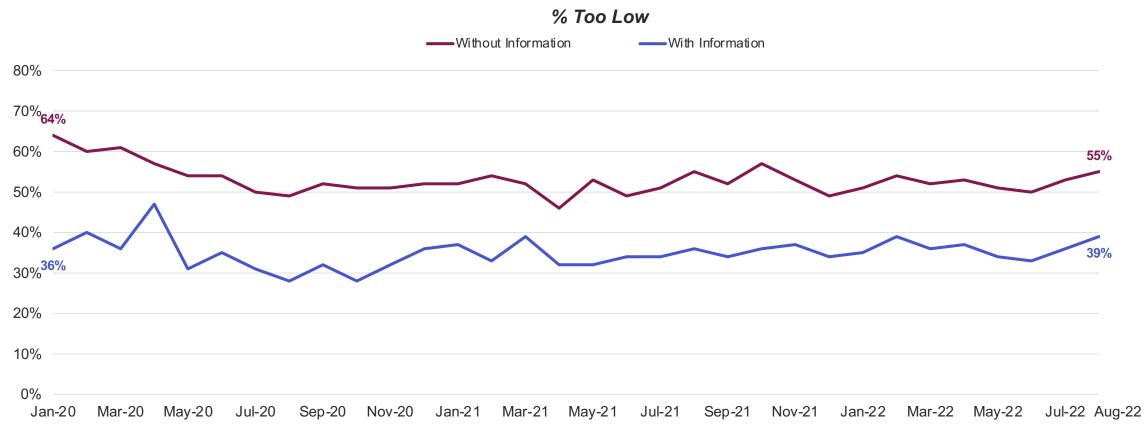


The proportion of Americans who believe school funding is too low increased in August, regardless of whether the respondent saw the government-reported statistic.

Do you believe public school funding in [STATE] is:

On average, [STATE] spends \$____ per student attending public school each year. Do you believe public school funding is:

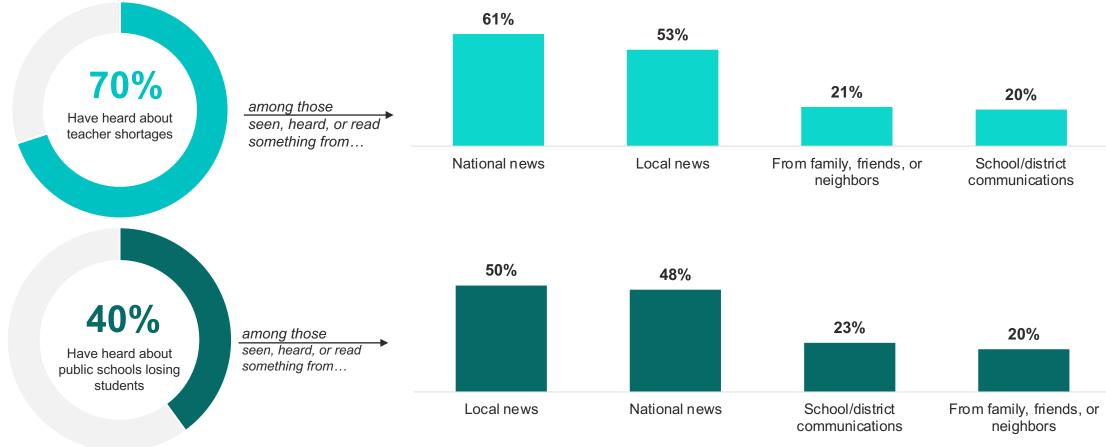
All Adults



More than two-thirds of Americans have heard of teacher shortages in the last month. That proportion is much higher than those who say they have heard about public schools losing students. News media appear to drive this information – rather than friends, family, or schools.

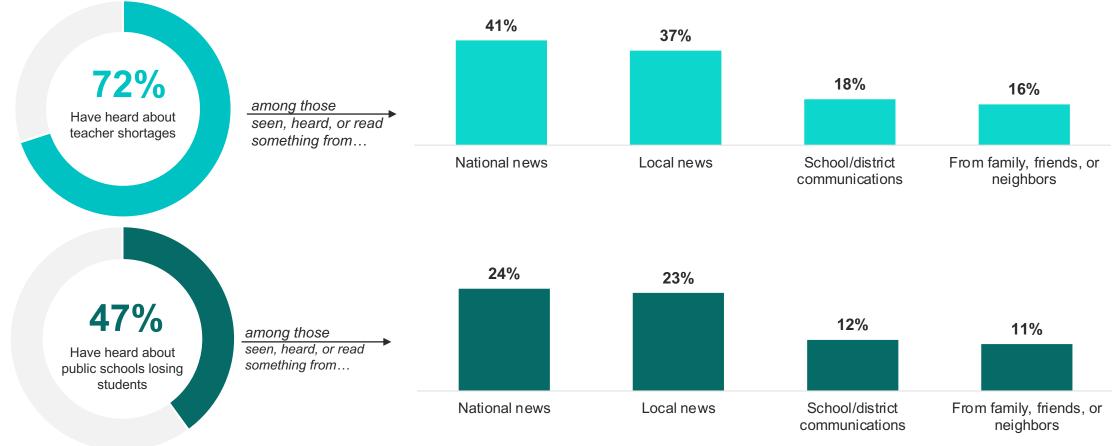
In the last month, have you seen, heard, or read anything about the following?

All Adults



More than two-thirds of school parents have heard of teacher shortages in the last month. The gap between those who have heard from news media and those who have heard from family, friends, or schools is slightly smaller compared to all adults.

In the last month, have you seen, heard, or read anything about the following?

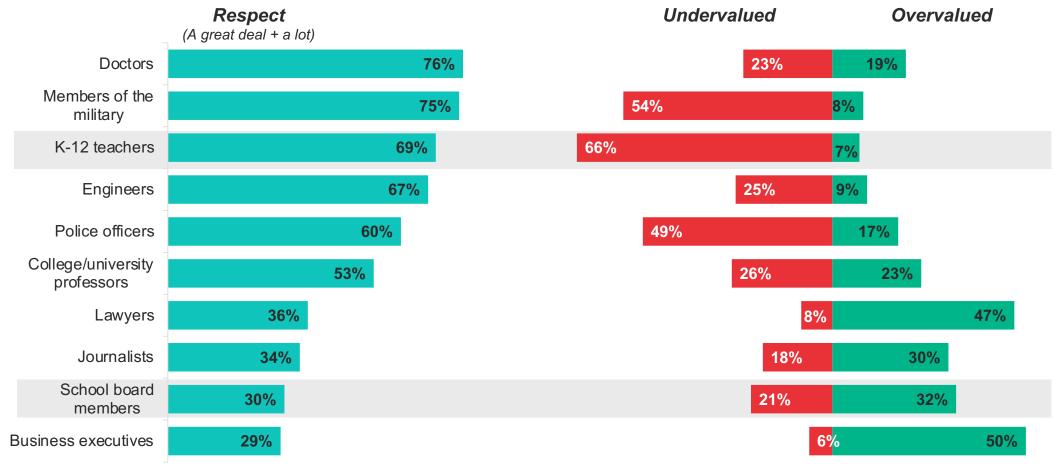


Nearly 70 percent of Americans say they respect K-12 teachers. At the same time, two-thirds also feel teachers are undervalued. The public has a much dimmer view of local school board members.

How much do you respect the following professions?

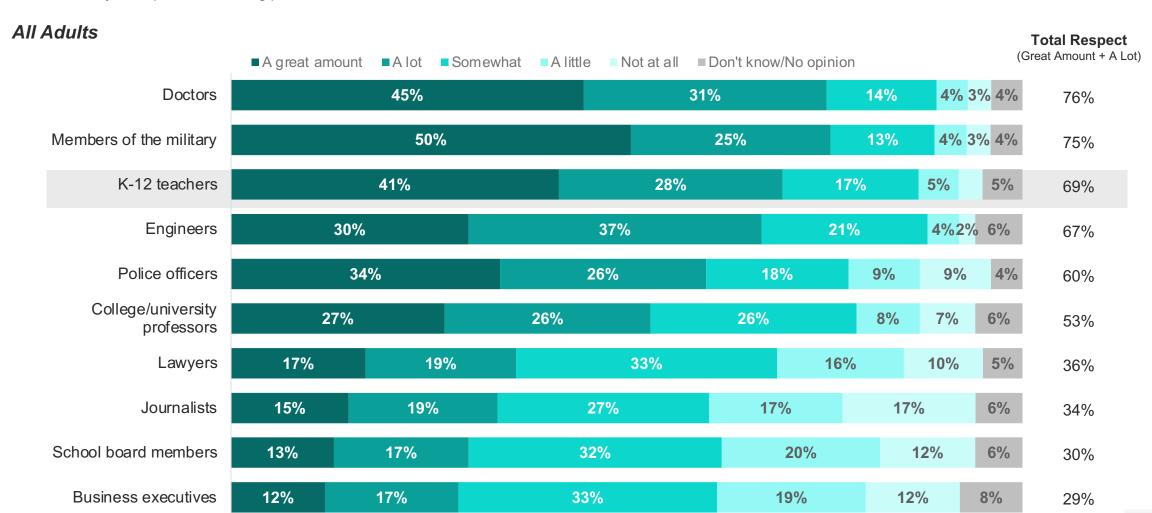
Do you think the following professions are overvalued, undervalued, or appropriately valued?

All Adults



A large majority of Americans say they respect K-12 teachers either a great amount or a lot. Total respect is similar to responses regarding engineers, and a little below views on military members and doctors.

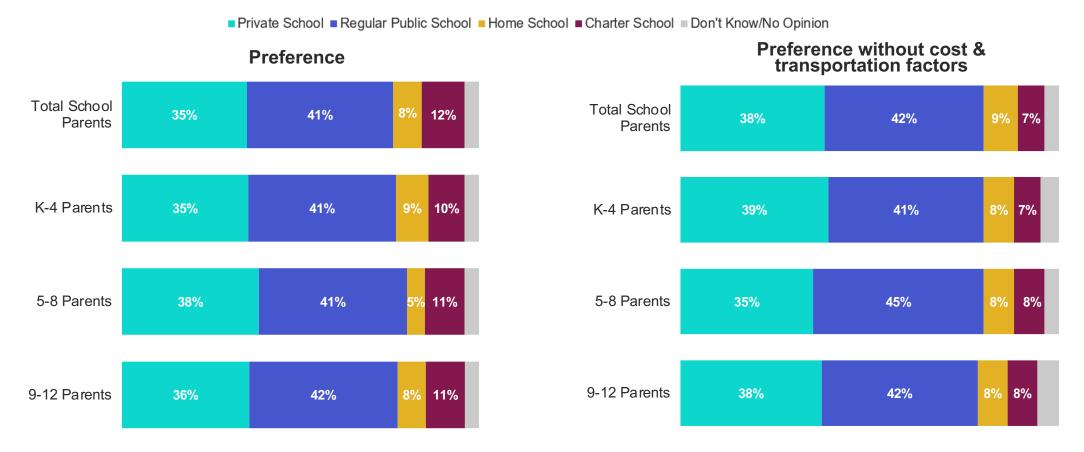
How much do you respect the following professions?



School parents express diverse school type preferences, regardless of whether cost and transportation are factors.

If given the option, what type of school would you select in order to obtain the best education for your child?

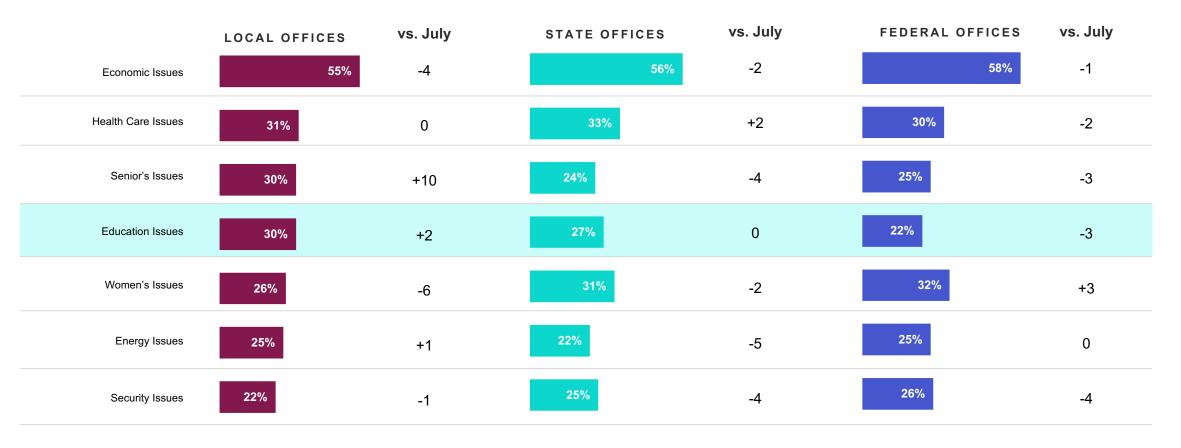
If given the option, and neither financial costs nor transportation were factors, what type of school would you select in order to obtain the best education for your child?



In August, economic issues still dominate voting priorities at the local, state, and federal levels. Education is considered a higher priority at the local and state levels, compared to federal level. Respondents were much more likely to focus on seniors' issues at the local level compared to July.

Now, thinking about your vote, what would you say are the top 3 issues on your mind when you cast your vote for federal offices/state offices/local offices?

All Adults % Selected

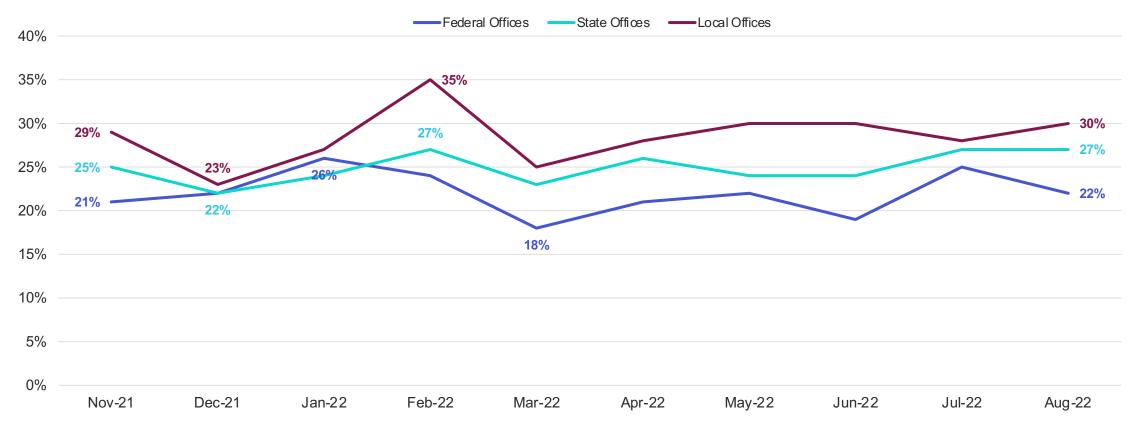


In August, Americans' prioritizing of education issues locally and nationally have diverged.

Now, thinking about your vote, what would you say are the top 3 issues on your mind when you cast your vote for federal offices/state offices/local offices?

All Adults

% Selected Education Issues



In August, more special education parents and small-town parents said education was a top issue, compared to July.

Now, thinking about your vote, what would you say are the top 3 issues on your mind when you cast your vote for federal offices/state offices/local offices?

School Parents

% Selected Education Issues

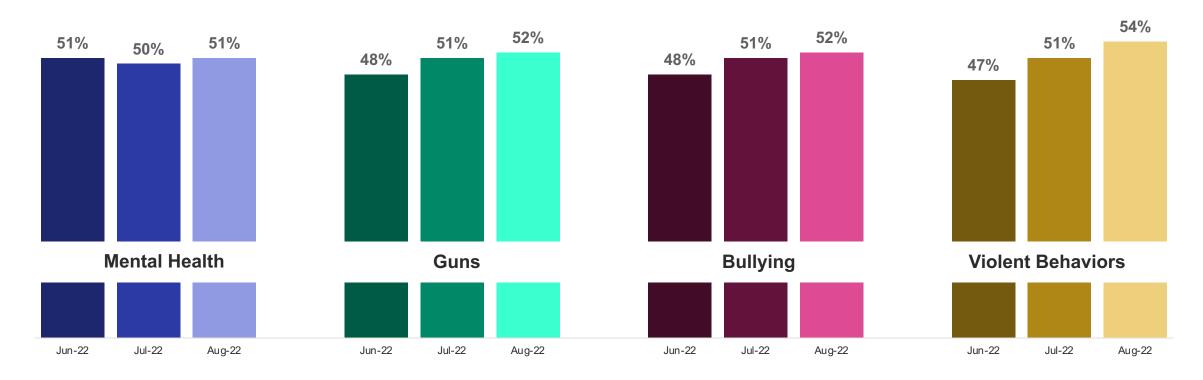
		vs. July			vs. July			vs. July
Special Education Parents	44%	+10	Home School Parent	36%	+4	District School Parent	34%	-1
Small Town	42%	+11	High Income: \$75K+	36%	-3	South	33%	0
	1270		Low Income < \$35K	35%	+5	- Count	3370	J
West	41%	+6	Non-Hispanic White	35%	+4	Urban	32%	-3
Independent	37%	+3	Midwest	35%	+3	Republican	31%	+4
Suburban	37%	+1	Democrat	35%	-2	Black	31%	-6
			Educ: < College	34%	+3			
Hispanic	37%	-1	Private School Parent	34%	+2	Rural	30%	+2
Educ: Bachelors or Postgrad	37%	-2	Middle Income: \$35K- \$75K	34%	+2	Northeast	30%	-4

In August, about half of parents felt their schools were doing extremely or very well at addressing mental health, guns, bullying, and violent behaviors at their children's schools.

How well do you feel your youngest/oldest child's school addresses the following among its students?

School Parents





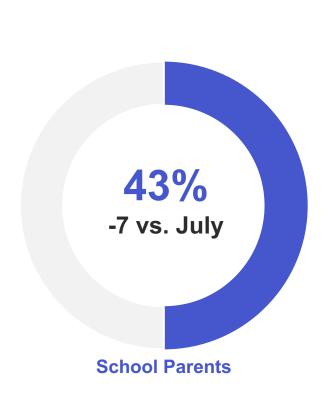
Source: Survey conducted August 15, 2022 - August 16, 2022, among U.S. adults

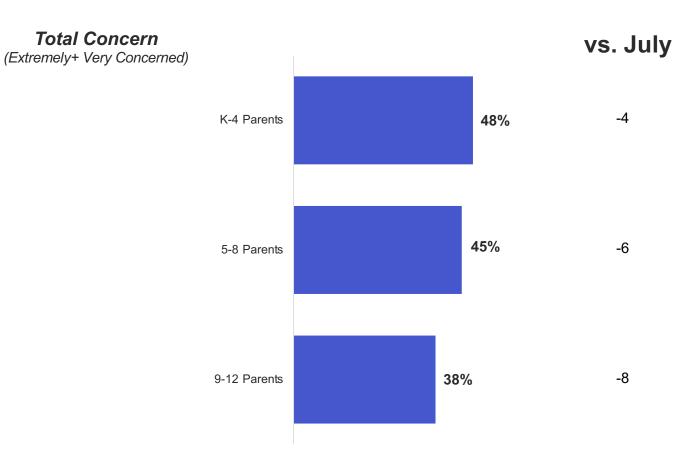


Concerns about violent intruders entering schools have declined since July. But more than 40 percent of parents remain extremely or very concerned – elevated even more among K-4 parents.

Total Concern

How concerned are you about a violent intruder, like a mass shooter, entering your child's/children's school?





AGENDA

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VIEWS ON SCHOOLING

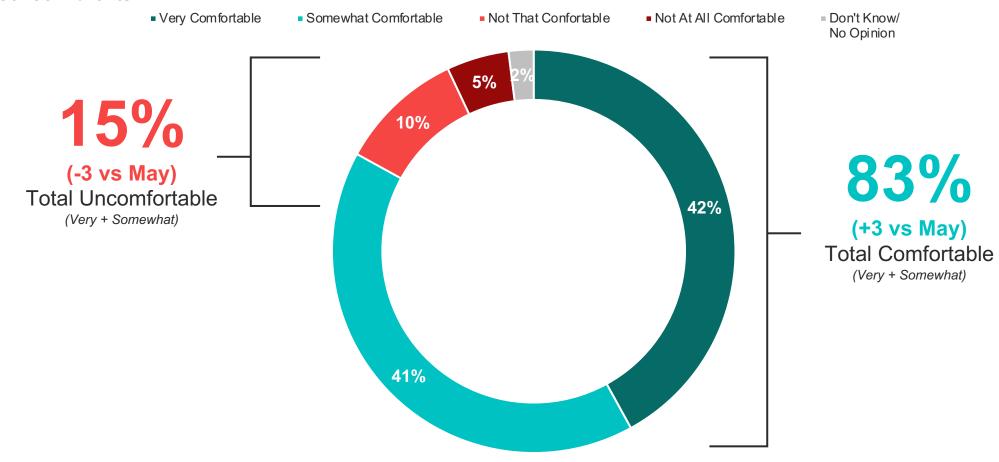
SCHOOL CHOICE POLICIES

SURVEY PROFILE AND DEMOGRAPHICS



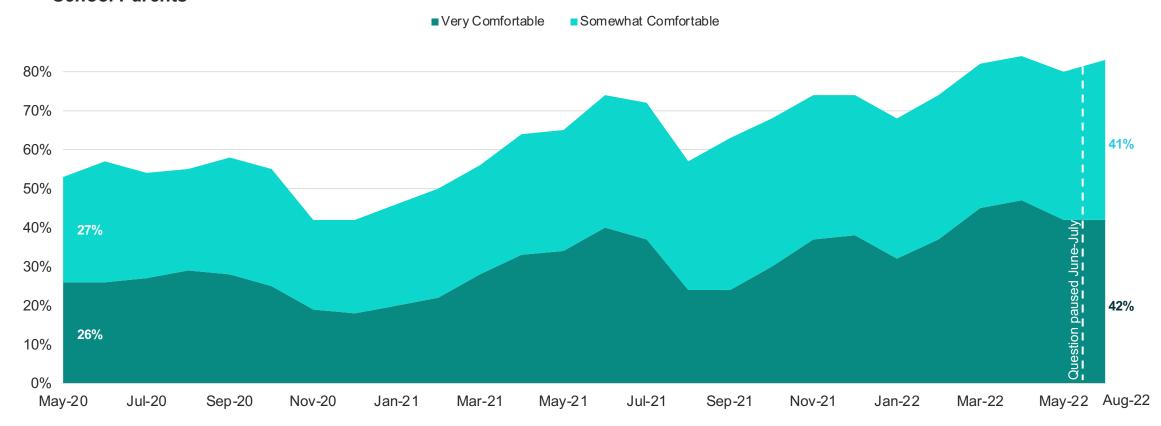
In the current state of the coronavirus pandemic, parents are about as comfortable with their children attending school as they were in May.

Based on what you have seen, read, or heard about the coronavirus (COVID-19) outbreak so far, how comfortable are you with your child/children attending school right now?



School parents' comfort with their children attending school has been fairly stable since February 2022.

Based on what you have seen, read, or heard about the coronavirus (COVID-19) outbreak so far, how comfortable are you with your child/children attending school right now?

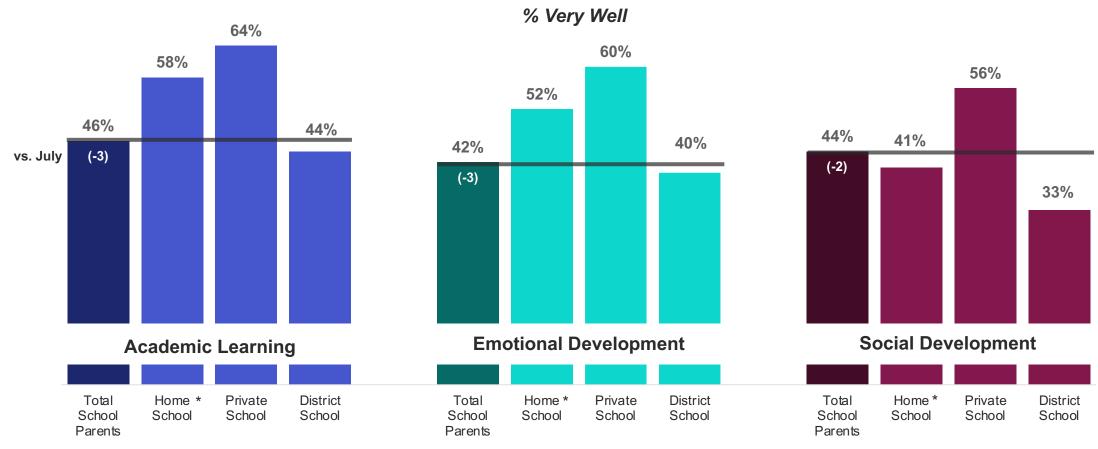




Less than half of parents believe their children progressed 'very well' last school year in terms of academic, emotional, and social development. Private school parents were much more positive than district school parents.

How do you feel your child/children progressed in the LAST school year (2021-22)?

School Parents



^{*}Low sample size for home school parents.

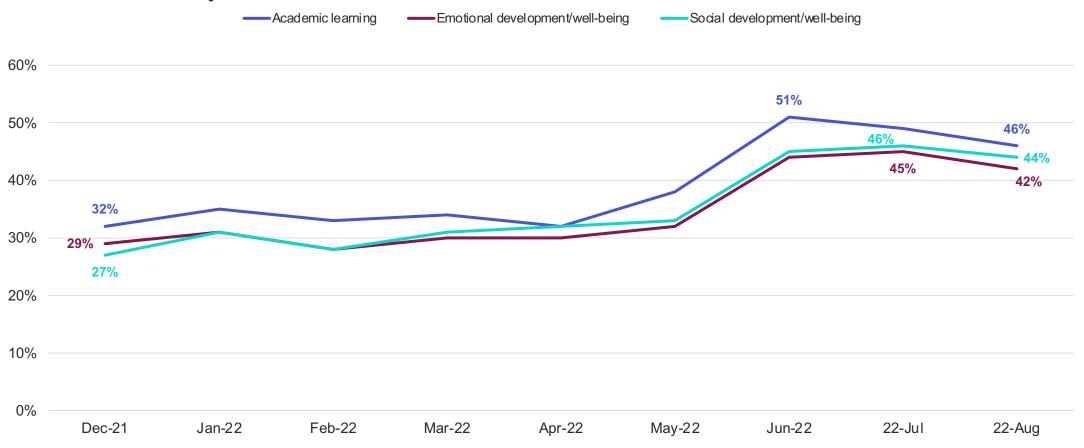
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^{*}Charter Schools not shown due to low sample size.

The proportion of parents who believe their child progressed 'very well' last school year declined again in August.

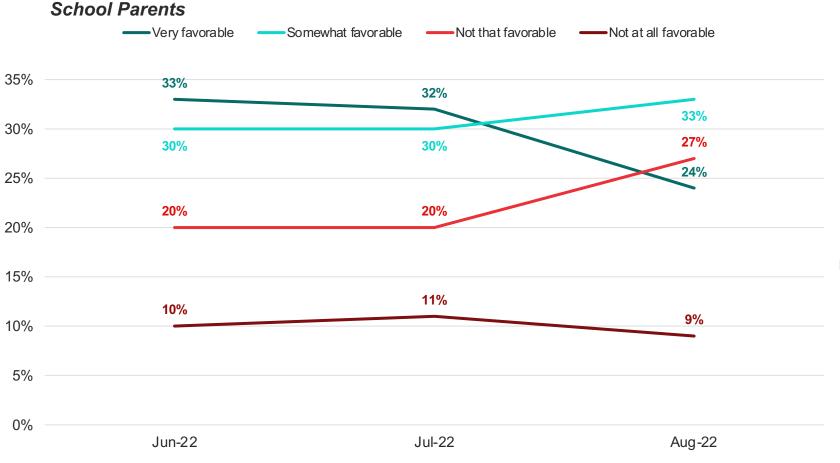
How do you feel your child/children progressed in the LAST school year (2021-22)?

School Parents - % Very Well



Strong favorability toward homeschooling declined in August. Roughly a quarter of adults have 'very favorable' opinions and the same proportion view it 'not that favorably.'

In general, what is your opinion of homeschooling?



August 2022

Total Favorable	57%
Total Unfavorable	36%

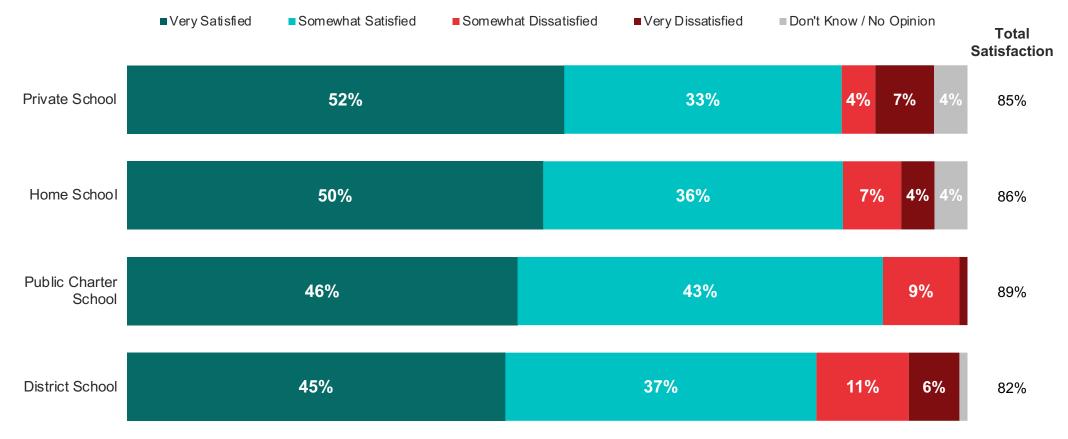
Previous question wording (March 2020 – August 2022):

How have your opinions on homeschooling changed as a result of the coronavirus?

Total	Max	Min
More	74%	52%
Favorable	(Jun-20)	(Apr-20)
Less	36%	15%
favorable	(Aug-22)	(Jun-20)

Parents are generally satisfied with their experiences across different school sectors. Private school parents are most likely to be very satisfied with their experiences.

To what extent are you satisfied or dissatisfied with your child's/children's experiences with the following types of schooling?

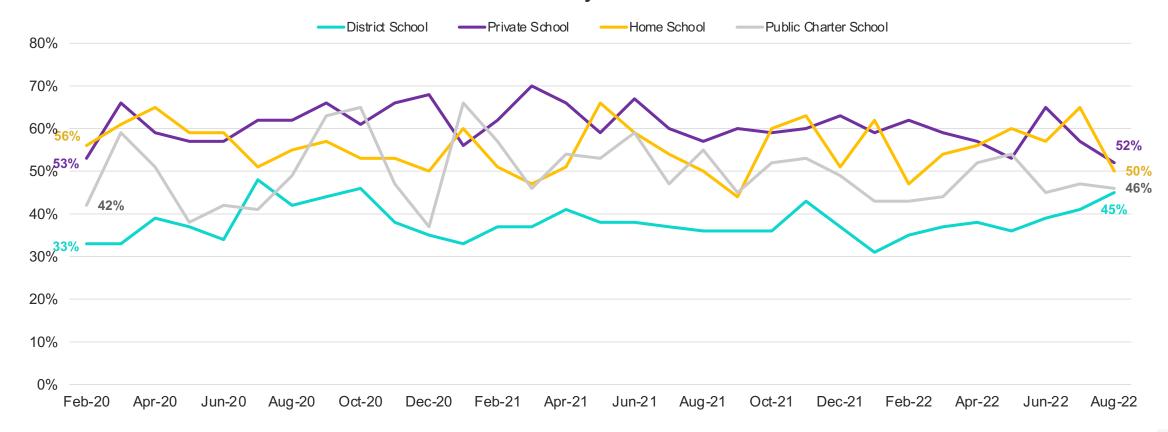


The proportion of parents who are very satisfied with their district school experiences continued to increase in August, whereas fewer home school and private school parents were very satisfied.

To what extent are you satisfied or dissatisfied with your child's/children's experiences with the following types of schooling?

School Parents

% Very Satisfied



Note: The following school types have low sample size (n<80) for the following months:

Home School: July 2020 and August 2020,

Public Charter School: July 2020, August 2020, December 2020, and February 2021

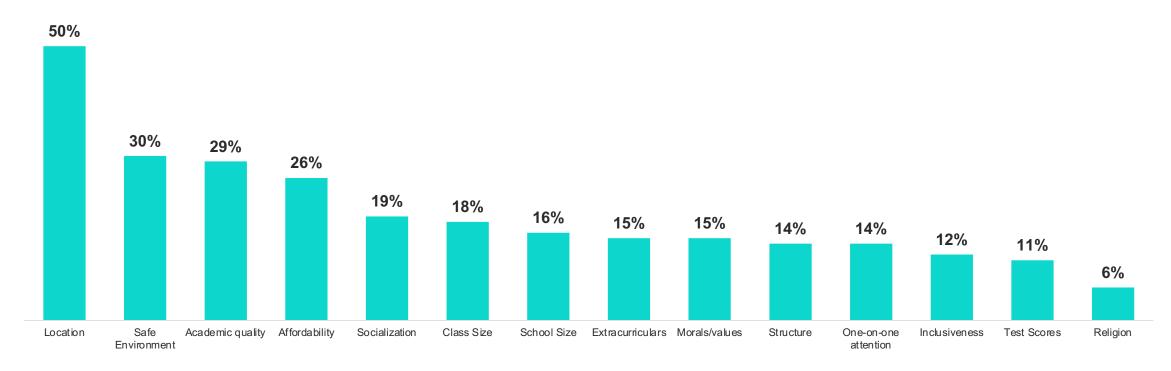


Most often, parents point to location, a safe environment, and academic quality as the main reasons why their child is enrolled in a specific school type. Parents consider religion least often when choosing a school for their child.

Why is your youngest/oldest child enrolled in that school type? Please select the most important reason(s).

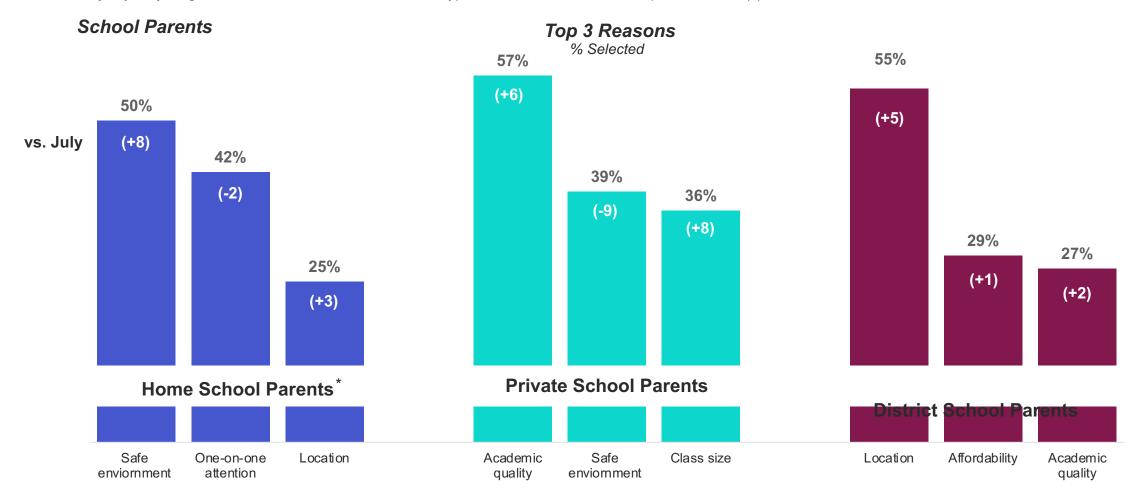
School Parents

% Selected



A safe school environment is important to an increasing proportion of home school parents this month, whereas district school parents are most likely to emphasize location as the main driver of their schooling decision.

Why is your youngest/oldest child enrolled in that school type? Please select the most important reason(s).



^{*}Low sample size for home school parents.



^{*}Charter Schools not shown due to low sample size.

Six out of ten private school parents prefer to have their children learn completely outside of the home— an increase of 22 points since July.

In order to provide the best education for your child/children, what would be your preferred weekly schedule and location between schooling at home with a parent/teacher/tutor, or outside the home?



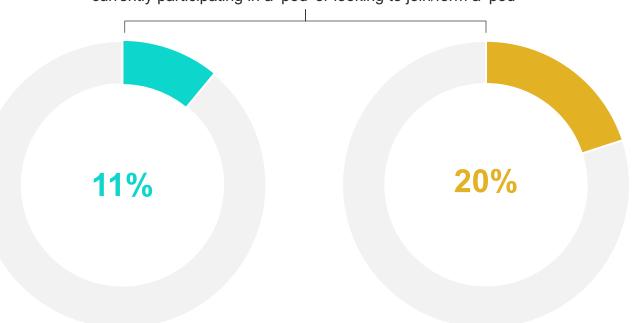
In August, nearly one-third of parents indicated they were participating in or seeking learning pods.

'Learning pods' are small groups of children, organized by parents, gathering to learn together. Parents either hire a private teacher to facilitate or take turns supervising. Are you currently participating in a 'pod' with other families?

School Parents

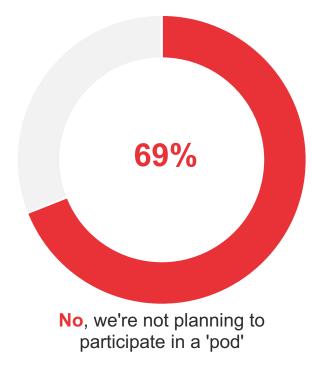


currently participating in a 'pod' or looking to join/form a 'pod'



Yes, we're currently participating in a 'pod'

No, but we're looking to form or join a 'pod'



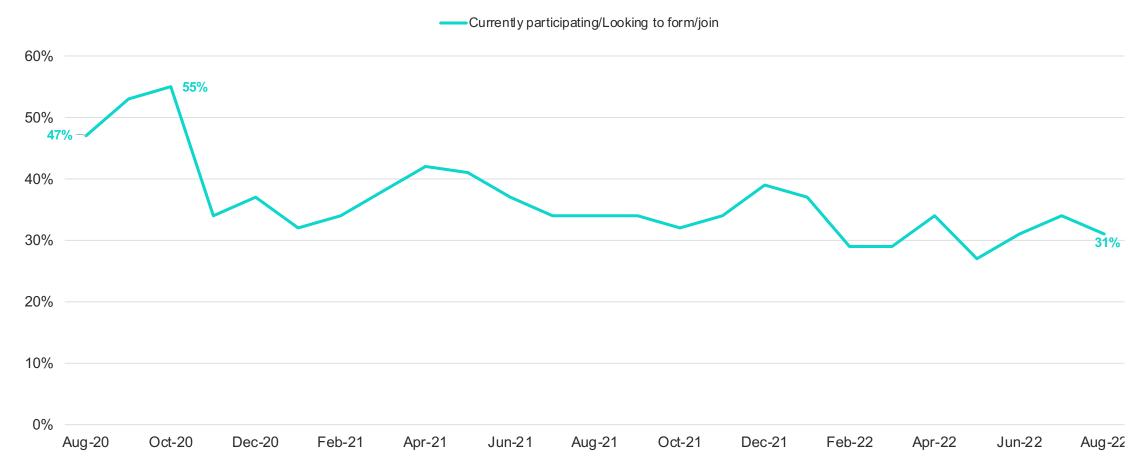
In August, there were substantial decreases in pod interest among several demographic groups, including urban, high-income, West-based, and private school parents.

'Learning pods' are small groups of children, organized by parents, gathering to learn together. Parents either hire a private teacher to facilitate or take turns supervising. Are you currently participating in a 'pod' with other families?

Most likely to participate in / form / join a pod vs. July		vs. July	Moderately likely to par in / form / join a P		vs. July		Less likely to participate in / form / join a Pod	
Home School Parent	52 %	+5	Democrat	35%	-9	Midwest	28%	+0
Black	48%	-2	Educ: < College	31%	-1	West	28%	-12
Hispanic	43%	-7	Educ: < Bachelors or Postgrad	31%	-7	Small Town	27%	+1
Urban	39%	-13	Low Income < \$35K	30%	-1	Dural	250/	
Northeast	38%	+4	District School Parent	30%	-3	Rural	25%	+3
Special Education Parents	38%	-8	South	30%	-3	High Income: \$75k+	25%	-10
Middle Income \$35K- \$75K	36%	+0	Suburban	29%	+0	Non-Hispanic White	24%	-3
Republican	35%	+7	Private School Parent	29%	-16	Independent	22%	-3

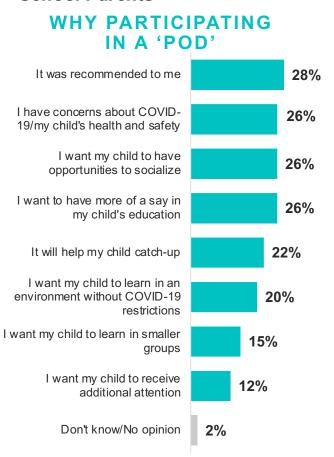
Interest in learning pods slightly decreased in August among school parents.

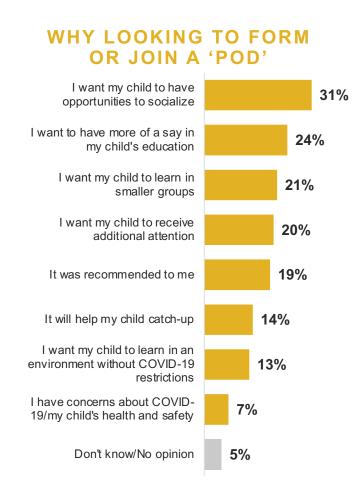
'Learning pods' are small groups of children, organized by parents, gathering to learn together. Parents either hire a private teacher to facilitate or take turns supervising. Are you currently participating in a 'pod' with other families?

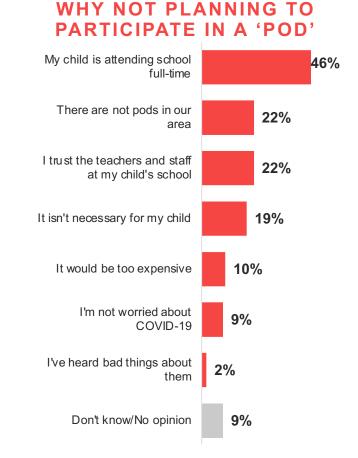


Parents express widely differing reasons for having a child participate in a learning pod. Those interested in pods signal the desire for more socialization for their child.

Why are you currently participating in a 'pod'? Why are you looking to form or join a 'pod'? Why are you not planning to participate in a 'pod'? Please select up to two.







In August, school parents were willing to pay roughly \$400/month for a child to participate in a learning pod – a decrease from the prior month.

What would you be able and willing to spend, on a monthly basis, to participate in a single learning pod per child?

School Parents

among those interested in or participating in a 'pod'

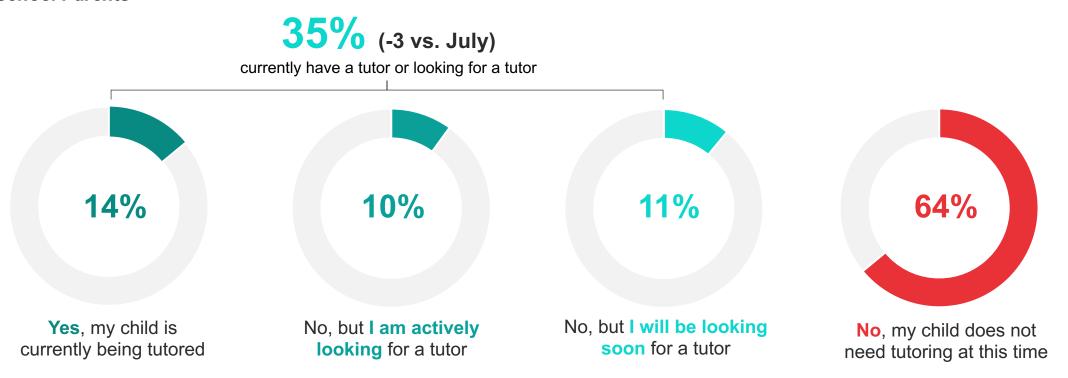


	Average willing to spend per child month by demographic	, poi
<u>ə</u>	*Low Income < \$35K	\$317
Income	Middle Income \$35K to < \$75K	\$411
Ē	*High Income \$75K+	\$501
on	Democrat	\$467
Political Affiliation	*Independent	\$331
	Republican	\$361
	*West	\$414
ion	*Midwest	\$381
Region	South	\$421
	*Northeast	\$398

^{*}indicates base size n = <100

In August, roughly one-third of parents indicated that they are currently using a tutor, or that they were interested in tutoring for their children.

Is your child getting tutoring outside of regular school hours this school year?



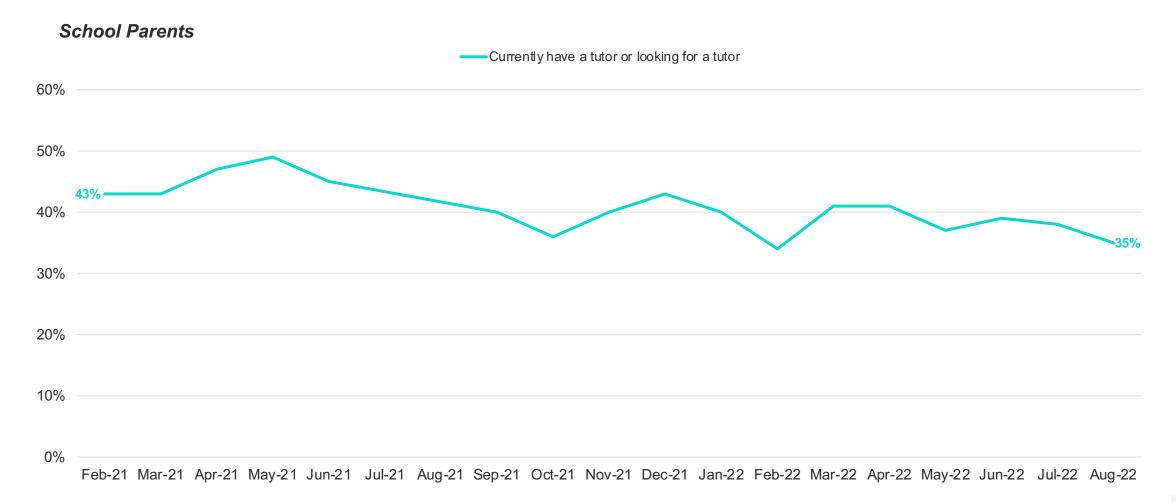
In August, interest in tutoring substantially decreased among Hispanic and urban respondents, although these groups are still among those most interested in tutoring.

Is your child getting tutoring outside of regular school hours this school year?

Groups most likely to be looking for/already having tutoring vs. July		to be looking for/alr	Groups moderately likely to be looking for/already having tutoring vs		Groups less likely to be looking for/already having tutoring		vs. July	
Special Education Parents	54%	-8	Educ: Bachelors or Postgrad	39%	-4	Independent	32%	+0
Black	51%	-4	South	38%	+1	Republican	32%	-1
Home School Parent	46%	+9	Suburban	37%	-1	High Income: \$75K+	32%	-7
Democrat	43%	-4	Northeast	36%	+0			
Middle Income \$35K- \$75K	42%	+3	District School Parent	36%	-2	Low Income < \$35K	31%	-7
Hispanic	42%	-13	West	36%	-10	Non-Hispanic White	30%	-1
Urban	41%	-11	Educ: < College	34%	-3	Small Town	29%	+3
Private School Parent	40%	-5	Midwest	33%	-3	Rural	29%	+2

School parents' interest in tutoring continued a gradual decline since June.

Is your child getting tutoring outside of regular school hours this school year?

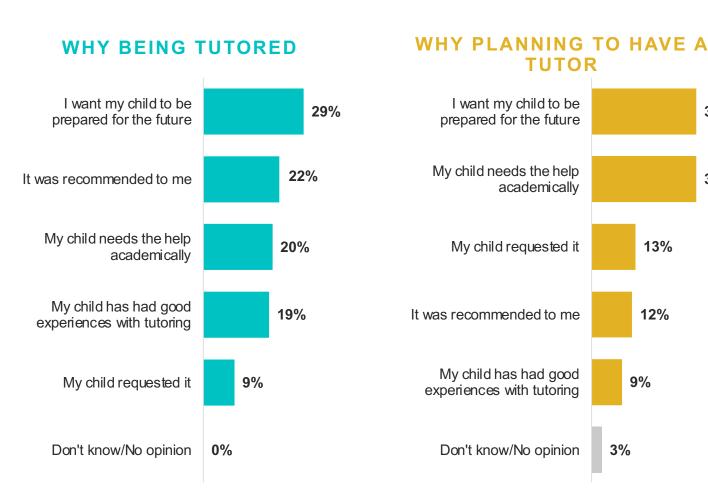


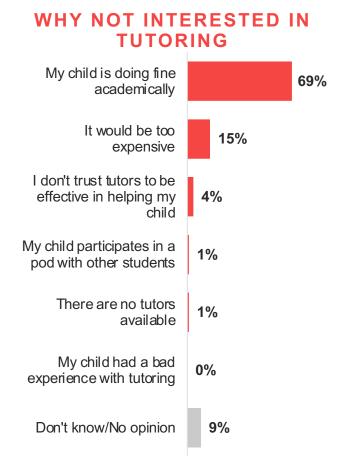
School parents that are interested/having their child participate in tutoring are motivated by preparing their child for the future or extra academic help. Those who are not interested in tutoring point to their child doing fine academically.

31%

31%

Why is your child currently being tutored? Why are you planning to have a tutor for your child? Why are you not interested in tutoring for your child?



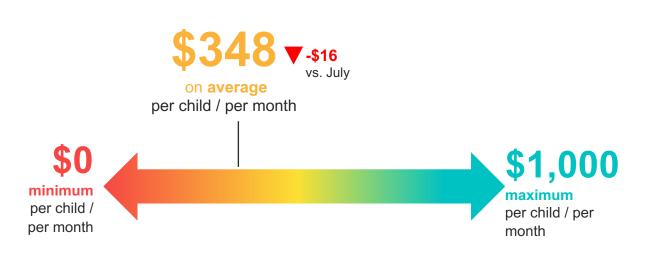


In August, the monthly amount parents were willing to spend on tutoring declined slightly to just under \$350 per child.

What would you be able and willing to spend, on a monthly basis, per child for tutoring outside of school hours?

School Parents

among those interested in or participating in a tutoring

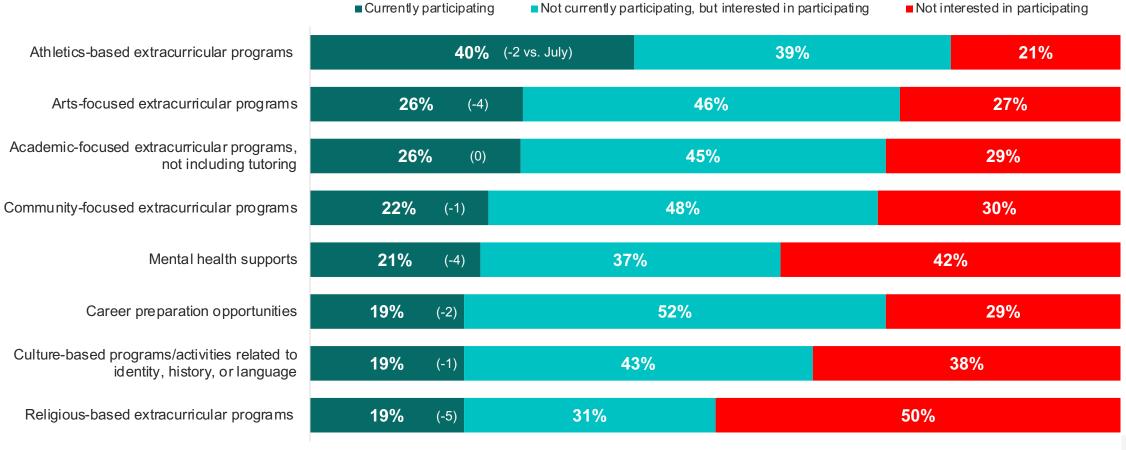


	Average willing to spend per child month by demographic	-
<u>e</u>	*Low Income < \$35K	\$336
Income	Middle Income \$35K to < \$75K	\$326
<u>=</u>	High Income \$75K+	\$402
on	Democrat	\$382
Political Affiliation	*Independent	\$315
	Republican	\$338
	*West	\$343
ion	*Midwest	\$313
Region	South	\$345
	*Northeast	\$405

^{*}indicates base size n= <100

In August, school parents were most likely to say their child is either currently participating or interested in participating in athletics-based extracurricular activities. Interest in career preparation opportunities is high, but current participation is lower than other activities.

Some families choose to supplement their child's education, either with additional instruction or signing up their child in activities outside of regular school hours. Which of the following describes your child's or children's participation in the following supplemental activities?



AGENDA

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VIEWS ON SCHOOLING

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SURVEY PROFILE AND DEMOGRAPHICS



Descriptions Used:

Education Savings Accounts

An "education savings account" in K–12 education – often called an ESA – establishes for parents a government-authorized savings account with restricted, but multiple uses for educational purposes. Parents can then use these funds to pay for: school tuition; tutoring; online education programs; therapies for students with special needs; textbooks or other instructional materials; or save for future college expenses.

Charter Schools

Charter schools are public schools that have more control over their own budget, staff, and curriculum, and are exempt from many existing public school regulations.

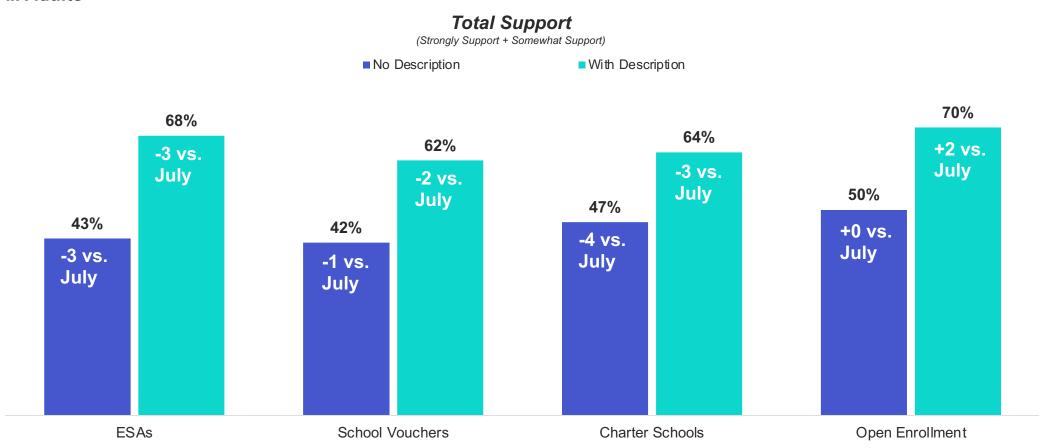
School Vouchers

A school voucher system allows parents the option of sending their child to the school of their choice, whether that school is public or private, including both religious and non-religious schools. If this policy were adopted, tax dollars currently allocated to a school district would be allocated to parents in the form of a 'school voucher' to pay partial or full tuition for the child's school.

Open Enrollment

An "open enrollment" policy in K-12 education allows a student enrolled in public school to select and transfer to a public school of their choice, rather than attending a school based on where they live. A student can be allowed to transfer to a public school in another district (called "INTER-district"). The policy is based on a first come, first served process until districts are no longer able to accommodate new students.

All school choice policies continue to see a lift in support when people are given a description. On a few policies there were slight declines since July.



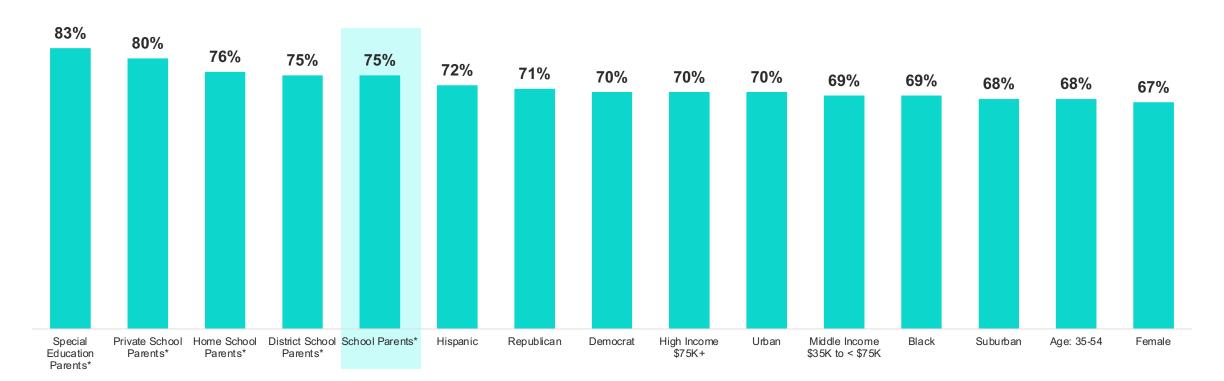
Three-fourths of school parents say they support ESAs. A wide range of demographic groups also support this policy.

An "education savings account" in K–12 education – often called an ESA – establishes for parents a government-authorized savings account with restricted, but multiple uses for educational purposes. Parents can then use these funds to pay for: school tuition; tutoring; online education programs; therapies for students with special needs; textbooks or other instructional materials; or save for future college expenses. In general, what is your opinion of an ESA system?

All Adults

Total Support

(Strongly Support + Somewhat Support)



^{*} Denotes the sample came from school parents

Note: Parent groups based on child/children school type attendance in SY22-23. **Source:** Survey conducted August 15, 2022 – August 16, 2022, among U.S. adults



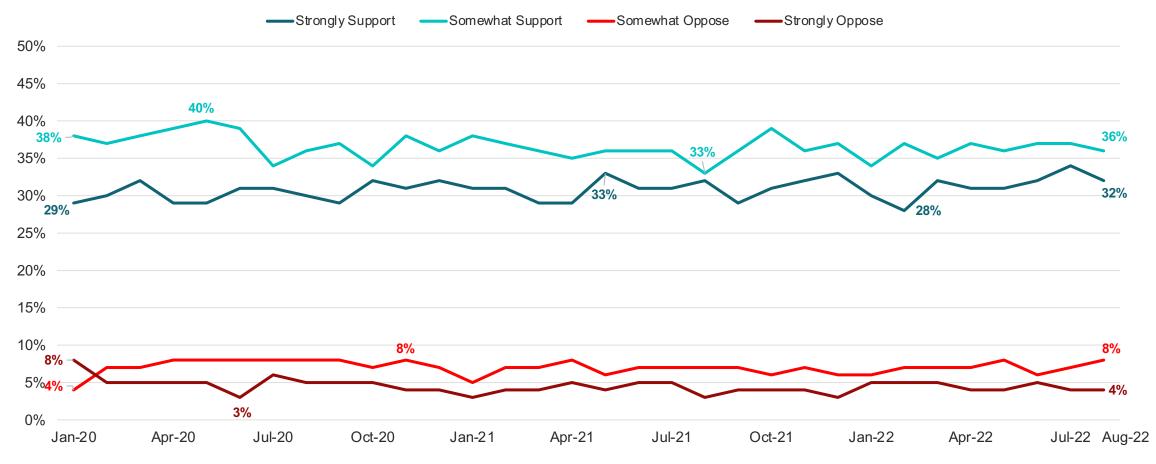
Support for ESAs remains high despite declines across several demographic groups.

An "education savings account" in K–12 education – often called an ESA – establishes for parents a government-authorized savings account with restricted, but multiple uses for educational purposes. Parents can then use these funds to pay for: school tuition; tutoring; online education programs; therapies for students with special needs; textbooks or other instructional materials; or save for future college expenses. In general, what is your opinion of an ESA system?

		vs. July			vs. July			vs. July
Hispanic	72%	+0	Millennial	69%	-6	Educ: < College	66%	-4
Educ: Bachelors or Postgrad	72%	-2	Male	68%	-1	Non-Hispanic White	66%	-4
Republican	71%	+1	Baby Boomers	68%	-2	Independent	66%	-2
Urban	70%	-3	West	68%	-3	Midwest	65%	-5
			South	68%	-3			
High Income \$75K+	70%	-4	Suburban	68%	-4	Rural	65%	-6
Democrat	70%	-6	Gen X	67%	+0	Small Town	64%	+3
Black	69%	-4	Female	67%	-5	Low Income < \$35K	63%	-5
Middle Income \$35K- \$75K	69%	-5	Northeast	67%	-6	Gen Z	61%	-12

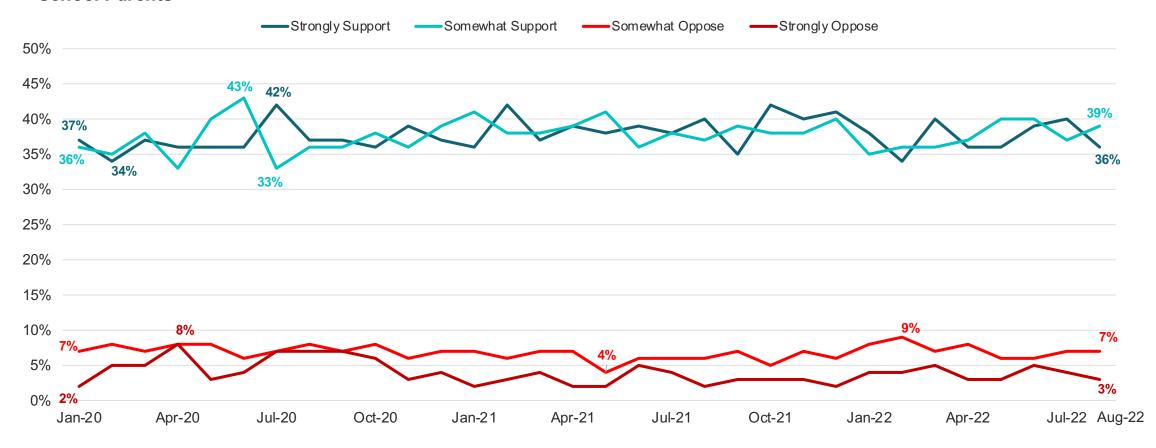
Americans' overall support of ESAs declined slightly in August, but the public remains roughly five and a half times as likely to be strongly supportive of ESAs versus strongly opposed.

An "education savings account" in K–12 education – often called an ESA – establishes for parents a government-authorized savings account with restricted, but multiple uses for educational purposes. Parents can then use these funds to pay for: school tuition; tutoring; online education programs; therapies for students with special needs; textbooks or other instructional materials; or save for future college expenses. In general, what is your opinion of an ESA system?



In August, school parents were seven times as likely to be strongly supportive of ESAs versus strongly opposed. But that strong support decreased by four points compared to July.

An "education savings account" in K–12 education – often called an ESA – establishes for parents a government-authorized savings account with restricted, but multiple uses for educational purposes. Parents can then use these funds to pay for: school tuition; tutoring; online education programs; therapies for students with special needs; textbooks or other instructional materials; or save for future college expenses. In general, what is your opinion of an ESA system?



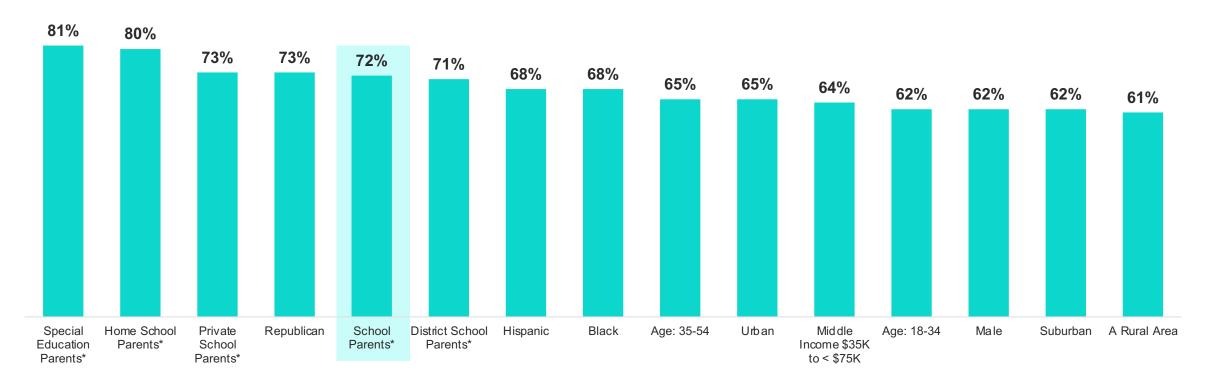
Approximately seven out of ten parents say they support school vouchers. There is broad support across all demographic groups.

A school voucher system allows parents the option of sending their child to the school of their choice, whether that school is public or private, including both religious and non-religious schools. If this policy were adopted, tax dollars currently allocated to a school district would be allocated to parents in the form of a 'school voucher' to pay partial or full tuition for the child's school. In general, what is your opinion of school voucher systems?

All Adults

Total Support

(Strongly Support + Somewhat Support)



^{*} Denotes the sample came from school parents

Note: Parent groups based on child/children school type attendance in SY22-23.

Source: Survey conducted August 15, 2022 – August 16, 2022, among U.S. adults



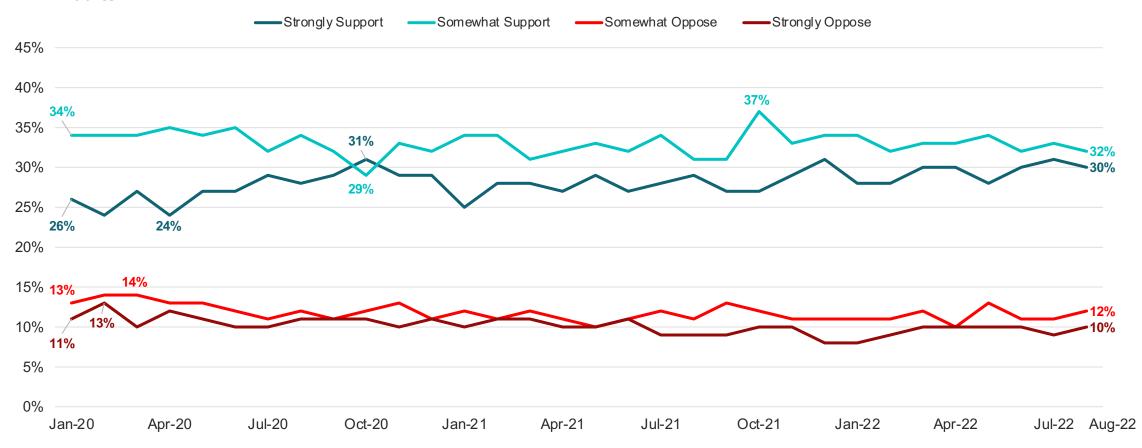
Support of school vouchers remains high among many demographic groups. However, in August, there was a significant decrease among GenZers.

A school voucher system allows parents the option of sending their child to the school of their choice, whether that school is public or private, including both religious and non-religious schools. If this policy were adopted, tax dollars currently allocated to a school district would be allocated to parents in the form of a 'school voucher' to pay partial or full tuition for the child's school. In general, what is your opinion of school voucher systems?

		vs. July			vs. July			vs. July
Republican	73%	+2	Middle Income \$35K- \$75K	64%	-1	Baby Boomers	60%	+1
Black	68%	+3	Suburban	62%	+2	Non-Hispanic White	60%	-2
Hispanic	68%	-4	Male	62%	-3	Independent	60%	-4
Northeast	66%	-2	Educ: < College	62%	-3	Democrat	58%	-4
			High Income \$75K+	61%	+3			
Millennial	66%	-3	Educ: Bachelors or Postgrad	61%	-1	West	58%	-7
South	65%	+3	Low Income < \$35K	61%	-1	Midwest	57%	-4
Gen X	65%	+0	Female	61%	-2	Small Town	56%	-4
Urban	65%	-2	Rural	61%	-7	Gen Z	53%	-14

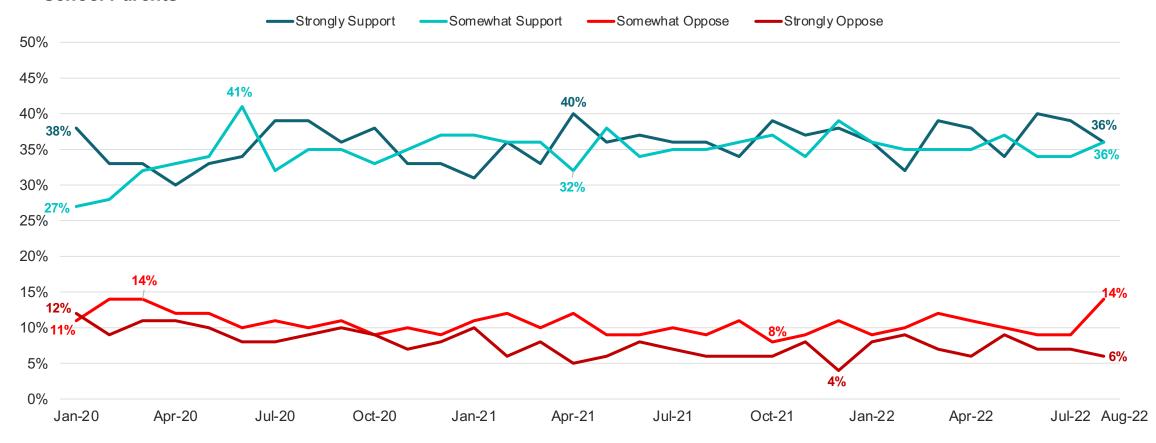
The public's overall support for school vouchers held steady in August.

A school voucher system allows parents the option of sending their child to the school of their choice, whether that school is public or private, including both religious and non-religious schools. If this policy were adopted, tax dollars currently allocated to a school district would be allocated to parents in the form of a 'school voucher' to pay partial or full tuition for the child's school. In general, what is your opinion of school voucher systems?



School parents' support for school vouchers is over four times higher than opposition.

A school voucher system allows parents the option of sending their child to the school of their choice, whether that school is public or private, including both religious and non-religious schools. If this policy were adopted, tax dollars currently allocated to a school district would be allocated to parents in the form of a 'school voucher' to pay partial or full tuition for the child's school. In general, what is your opinion of school voucher systems?



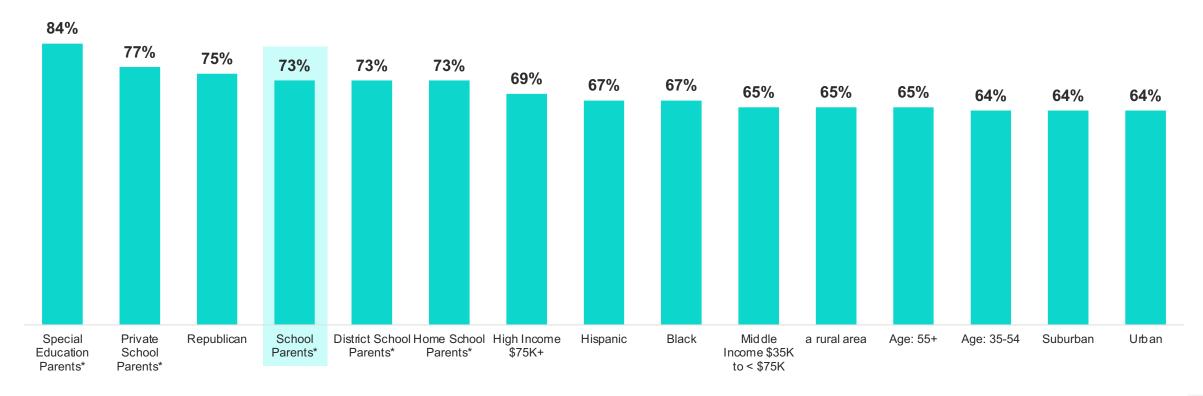
Nearly three-fourths of school parents say they support charter schools. There is broad support across demographic groups.

Charter schools are public schools that have more control over their own budget, staff, and curriculum, and are exempt from many existing public school regulations. In general, what is your opinion of public charter schools?

All Adults

Total Support

(Strongly Support + Somewhat Support)



^{*} Denotes the sample came from school parents

Note: Parent groups based on child/children school type attendance in SY22-23. Source: Survey conducted August 15, 2022 - August 16, 2022, among U.S. adults

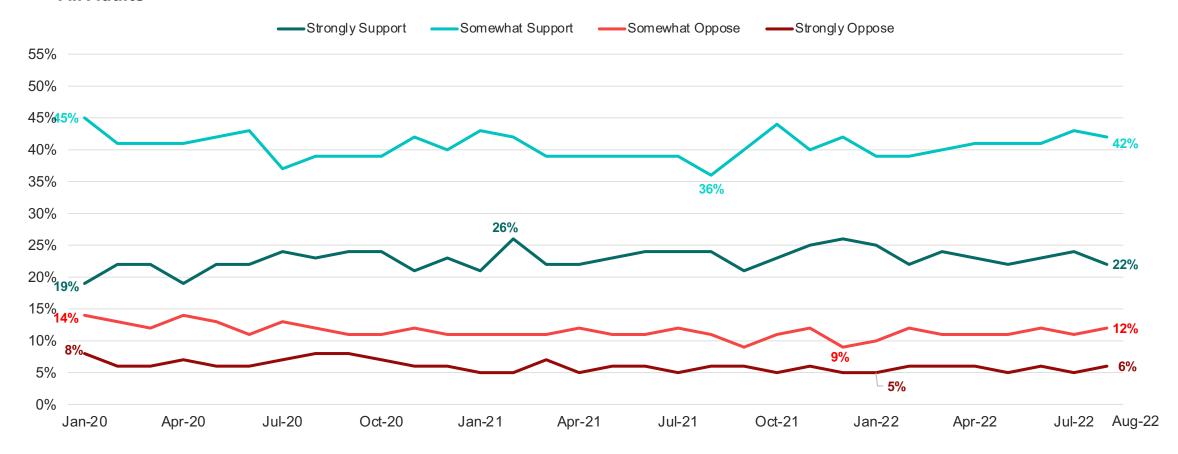
In August, support for charter schools declined among several demographics, although support generally remains high.

Charter schools are public schools that have more control over their own budget, staff, and curriculum, and are exempt from many existing public school regulations. In general, what is your opinion of public charter schools?

ost Supportive ——								
		vs. July			vs. July			vs. July
Republican	75%	+2	Baby Boomers	66%	-1	Educ: < College	61%	-4
High Income \$75K+	69%	-3	Rural	65%	-3	Independent	61%	-4
South	67%	+3	Middle Income \$35K to < \$75K	65%	-4	West	61%	-8
Black	67%	+3	Male	64%	-2	Democrat	60%	-4
Gen X	67%	-2	Non-Hispanic White	64%	-3	Low Income < \$35K	59%	-3
			Suburban	64%	-4	•		
Hispanic	67%	-4	Urban	64%	-4	Small Town	58%	-1
Educ: Bachelors or Postgrad	67%	-4	Millennial	63%	-5	Midwest	57%	-8
Northeast	67%	-6	Female	63%	-5	Gen Z	52 %	-11

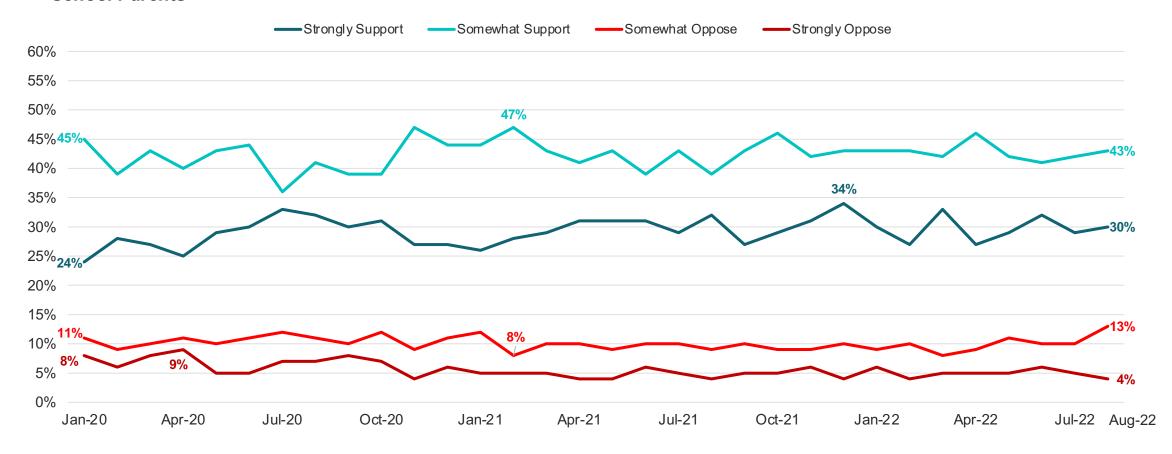
Americans' overall support for public charter schools is more than four times as high as opposition. Support decreased slightly in August.

Charter schools are public schools that have more control over their own budget, staff, and curriculum, and are exempt from many existing public school regulations. In general, what is your opinion of public charter schools?



In August, school parents' overall support for public charter schools is more than four times as high as opposition.

Charter schools are public schools that have more control over their own budget, staff, and curriculum, and are exempt from many existing public school regulations. In general, what is your opinion of public charter schools?

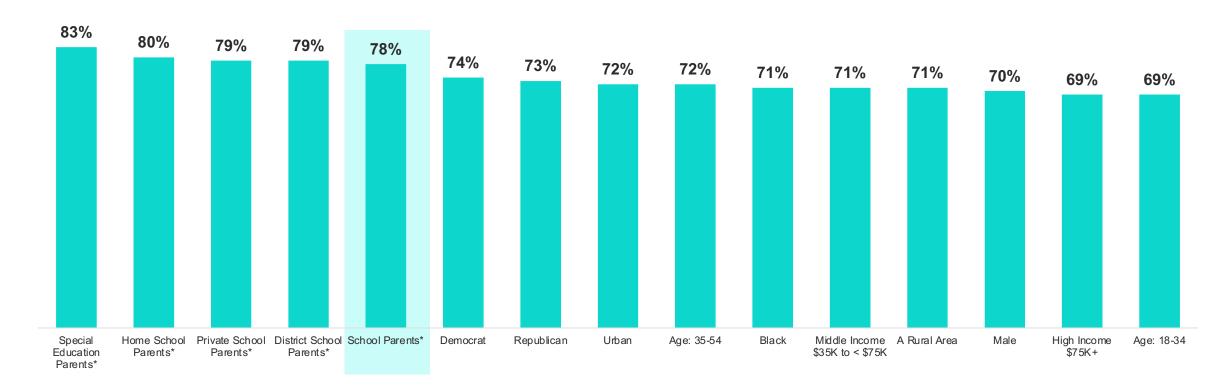


More than three out of four school parents said they support inter-district open enrollment. There is support across a wide range of demographic groups.

An "open enrollment" policy in K-12 education allows a student enrolled in public school to select and transfer to a public school of their choice, rather than attending a school based on where they live. A student can be allowed to transfer to a public school in another district (called "INTER-district"). The policy is based on a first come, first served process until districts are no longer able to accommodate new students.

All Adults

Total Support(Strongly Support + Somewhat Support)



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Note: Parent groups based on child/children school type attendance in SY22-23. **Source:** Survey conducted August 15, 2022 – August 16, 2022, among U.S. adults



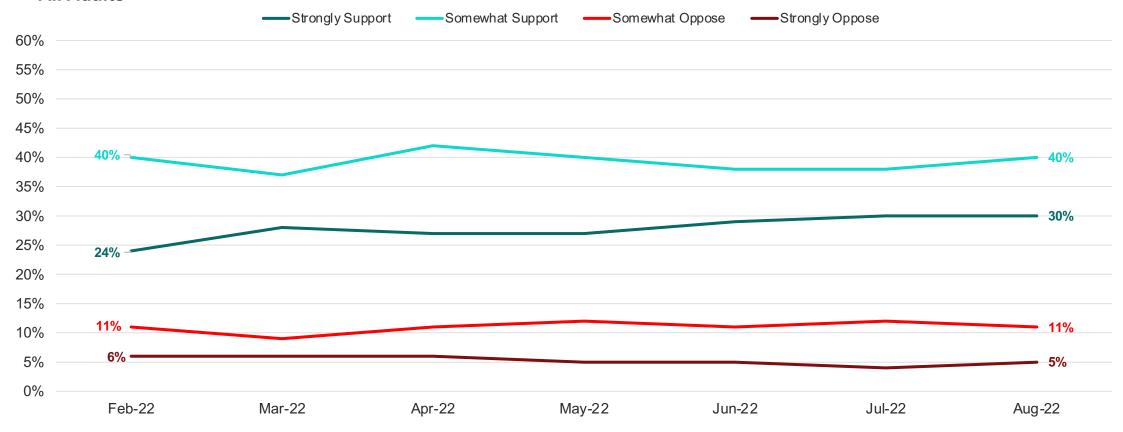
In August, inter-district open enrollment support remains high across many demographic groups and receives nearly equal support from Democrats and Republicans. However, support from Gen Z dropped eight points since July.

An "open enrollment" policy in K-12 education allows a student enrolled in public school to select and transfer to a public school of their choice, rather than attending a school based on where they live. A student can be allowed to transfer to a public school in another district (called "INTER-district"). The policy is based on a first come, first served process until districts are no longer able to accommodate new students.

		vs. July			vs. July			vs. July
Democrat	74%	+2	Gen X	71%	+1	West	69%	-3
Republican	73%	+4	Black	71%	-2	High Income \$75K+	69%	-4
South	72%	+6	Male	70%	+3	Midwest	69%	-5
Millennial	72%	+1	Low Income < \$35K	69%	+3	Baby Boomers	68%	+2
			Suburban	69%	+2			
Urban	72%	-4	Hispanic	69%	+0	Northeast	68%	+1
Rural	71%	+3	Educ: < College	69%	+0	Small Town	67%	+6
Educ: Bachelors or Postgrad	71%	+2	Non-Hispanic White	69%	+0	Independent	64%	-3
Middle Income \$35K to < \$75K	71%	+1	Female	69%	-1	Gen Z	63%	-8

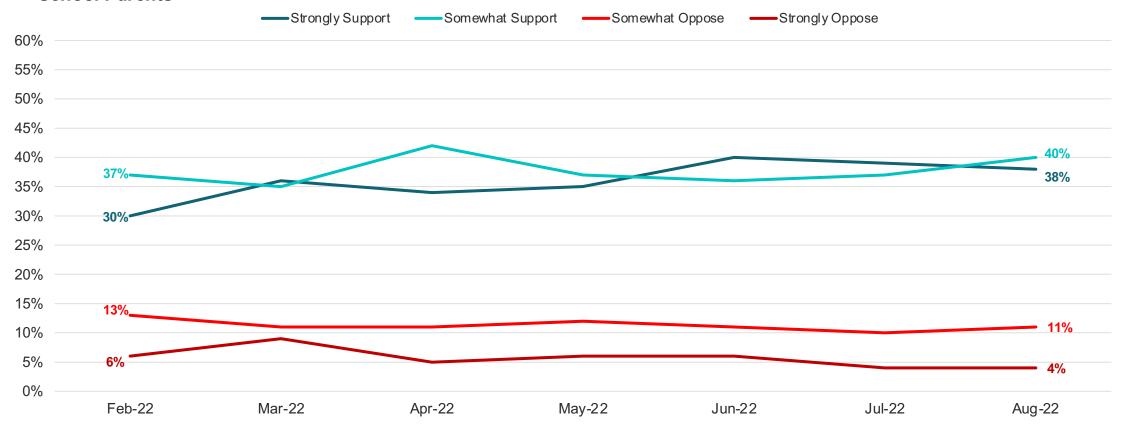
The public's overall support for inter-district open enrollment is more than four times higher than opposition. Strong support has increased six points since February.

An "open enrollment" policy in K-12 education allows a student enrolled in public school to select and transfer to a public school of their choice, rather than attending a school based on where they live. A student can be allowed to transfer to a public school in another district (called "INTER-district"). The policy is based on a first come, first served process until districts are no longer able to accommodate new students.



Almost 80 percent of school parents support inter-district open enrollment – more than five times as high as opposition.

An "open enrollment" policy in K-12 education allows a student enrolled in public school to select and transfer to a public school of their choice, rather than attending a school based on where they live. A student can be allowed to transfer to a public school in another district (called "INTER-district"). The policy is based on a first come, first served process until districts are no longer able to accommodate new students.



AGENDA

VIEWS ON K-12 EDUCATION

VIEWS ON SCHOOLING

SCHOOL CHOICE POLICIES

SURVEY PROFILE AND DEMOGRAPHICS



Survey Profile, 1

Dates August 15-16, 2022

Survey Data Collection

& Quality Control Morning Consult

Survey Sponsor EdChoice

Population General Population (Adults, Age 18+)

Sampling Frame National sample of adults (age 18+) living in the United States,

including the District of Columbia, with an oversample of school parents

Sampling Method Non-Probability, Stratified (based on Age, Gender)

Mode Online Survey

Language English

Survey Profile, 2

Survey Time Gen Pop Median = 9.58 minutes

Oversample Median = 11.41 minutes

Sample Size N = 2,200 General Population

N= 1,088 Total School Parents

Oversampling N = 700 School Parents

Quotas Age, Gender

Weighting Age, Race, Ethnicity, Gender, Education, Census Region

Measure of Precision

(adjusted for weighting) ± 2.32 percentage points (Gen Pop), ± 3.76 percentage points

(Oversample)

Participation Rate 21.12% (Gen Pop), 11.80% (Oversample)

Methods Page https://edchoice.morningconsultintelligence.com/methodology/

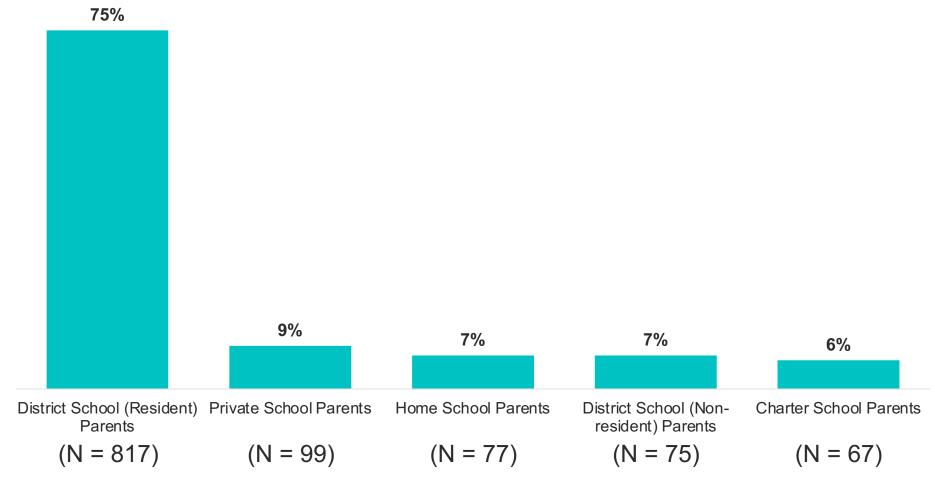
Project Contact Paul DiPerna, paul@edchoice.org

Demographics	Unweighted (N =)		
Hispanic	231		
Non-Hispanic White	1585		
Black	258		
Other	127		
Generation Z	218		
Millennial	636		
Generation X	305		
Boomers	737		
Male	858		
Female	1342		
< College	1438		
College +	762		
Northeast	345		
Midwest	488		
South	850		
West	517		

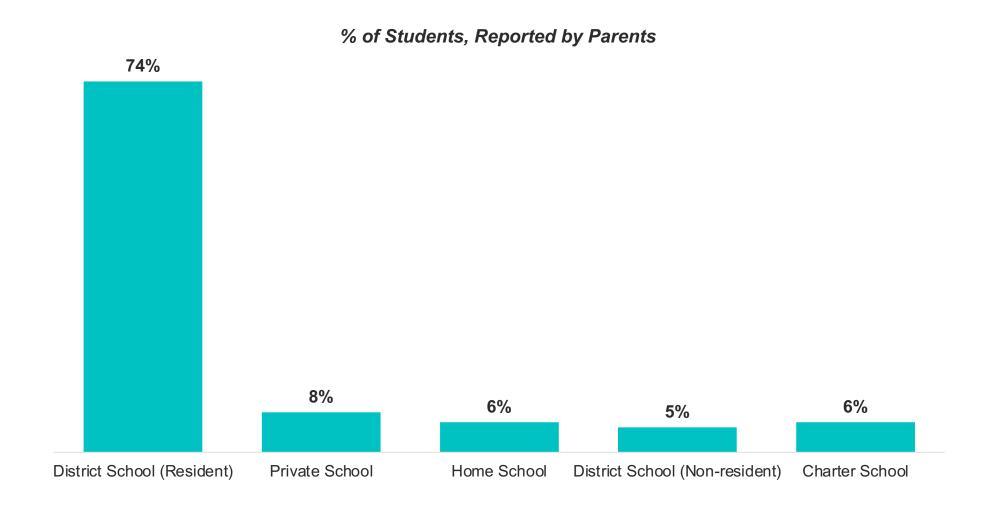
Demographics	Unweighted (N =)
Total School Parents*	1088
K-4 Parents*	568
5-8 Parents*	438
9-12 Parents*	426
Non-Parents	926
Liberal	614
Moderate	660
Conservative	710
Democrat	787
Independent	605
Republican	627
Urban	554
Suburban	960
Small Town	265
Rural	421
Low Income <\$35K	883
Middle Income \$35K to <\$75K	719
High Income \$75K+	598

Demographics	Unweighted	Weighted	Target (%)
Hispanic	11%	16%	16%
White	72%	78%	78%
Non-Hispanic White	n/a	n/a	n/a
Black	12%	12%	12%
Other	6%	9%	9%
Age: 18-34	25%	30%	30%
Age: 35-54	30%	31%	31%
Age: 55+	46%	40%	40%
Age: 65+	27%	20%	20%
Male	39%	48%	48%
Female	61%	52%	52%
< College	65%	69%	69%
College +	35%	31%	31%
Northeast	16%	18%	18%
Midwest	22%	21%	21%
South	39%	37%	37%
West	24%	24%	24%

Parent groups based on estimated school type attendance for the 2022-2023 school year



Estimated school type attendance for the 2022-2023 school year



Methodology Update

In addition to the monthly general population polling, Morning Consult oversamples K-12 school parents, among a national sample of parents living in the United States (including the District of Columbia). The sample is collected via stratified sampling based on race and ethnicity quota targets derived from the U.S. Census Bureau's 2017 Current Population Survey. Approximately 700 additional K-12 school parents are interviewed in English each month comprising the oversample. The completed K-12 school parent interviews are weighted to population totals obtained from the 2017 Current Population Survey on the following demographic variables: age, gender, region, race/ethnicity, and educational attainment. Morning Consult has also implemented a pre-administration quota to ensure at least 65 percent of K-12 parent respondents had at least one child attending a public district school.

Total School Parents	Have at least one child enrolled in grades K-12 for the 2022-2023 school year
Charter School Parents	Have at least one child enrolled in a charter school for the 2022-2023 school year
District/Public School Parents	Have at least one child enrolled in a district/public school for the 2022-2023 school year
Private School Parents	Have at least one child enrolled in a private school for the 2022-2023 school year
Home School Parents	Have at least one child enrolled in home school for the 2022-2023 school year



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Morning Consult is a global data intelligence company delivering insights on what people think in real time.

By surveying tens of thousands across the globe every day, Morning Consult is unmatched in scale and speed: It determines the true measure of what people think and how their decisions impact business, politics and the economy.

Industry leaders rely on Morning Consult's proprietary technology and analysis for real-time intelligence to transform information into a competitive advantage.



EdChoice is a 501(c)(3) nonprofit, nonpartisan organization. Our mission is to advance educational freedom and choice for all as a pathway to successful lives and a stronger society. We are committed to understanding and pursuing a K–12 education ecosystem that empowers every family to choose the learning environment that fits their children's needs best.

Learn more at: EDCHOICE.ORG



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