



THE PUBLIC, PARENTS, AND K-12 EDUCATION

A National Polling Report

OCTOBER 2021

KEY FINDINGS

- 1. Parents' comfort with their children returning to school increased once again in October after a sharp decline in August. Overall comfort for a return to school is slowly nearing the level it was at in the Summer of 2021.
- 2. The percentages of adults who feel the coronavirus has been 'very disruptive' to their personal routine, household routine, and community have either reached or descended below their lowest points since the start of the pandemic.
- 3. Positive sentiment about the direction of K-12 education on a local level increased by five points in October among both the general population and school parents. There is a nearly 20-point gap between parents' positive views locally compared with how they see K-12 education going for the country.
- 4. Parents are more likely to be positive and to give A/B grades to school boards than other policymakers for their handling of K-12 education. The latter mostly receive middling or negative ratings from parents and especially the public.
- 5. The pandemic continues to affect students and families when it comes to schooling. One out of four school parents say they have had to quarantine at least one child in the past month. That quarantine rate is higher among private school parents (41%).
- 6. Americans continue to have mixed views on mandates for masking and vaccinations. Although, there was once again a slight decrease in support for mandatory masking in October.
- 7. Overall support of school choice policies increased this month, especially when additional information was provided. Among school parents, strong support for education savings accounts (ESAs) increased by seven points in October.

Methodology:

This poll was conducted between October 12-October 16, 2021 among a sample of 2200 Adults. The interviews were conducted online and the data were weighted to approximate a target sample of Adults based on gender, educational attainment, age, race, and region. Results based on the full survey have a measure of precision of plus or minus 2.57 percentage points.

AGENDA

COVID-19 AND SCHOOLING

SCHOOL CHOICE POLICIES

VIEWS ON K-12 EDUCATION

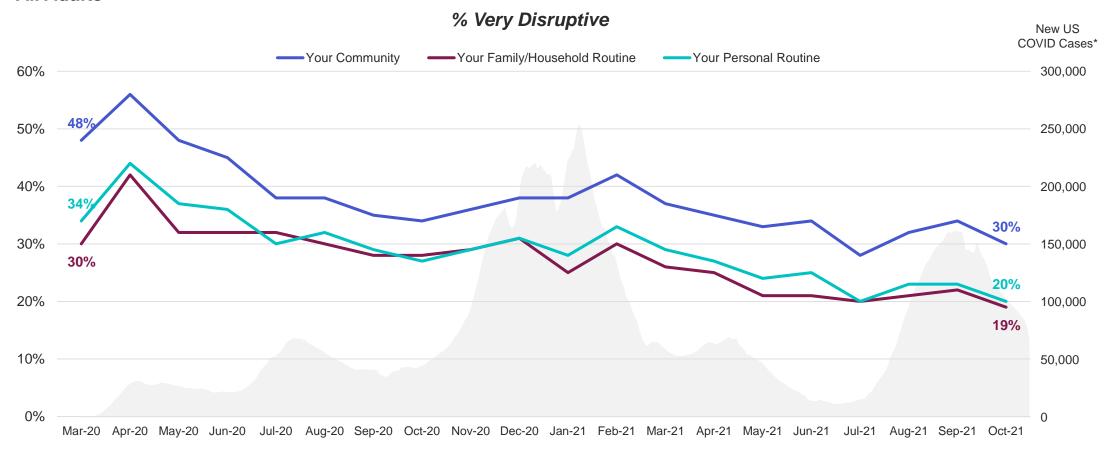
SURVEY PROFILE AND DEMOGRAPHICS



The percentage of adults who feel the coronavirus has been 'very disruptive' to their personal routine, household routine, and community decreased in October. The trends approach the lowest points since the start of the pandemic.

How disruptive has the coronavirus (also called COVID-19) been on each of the following?

All Adults



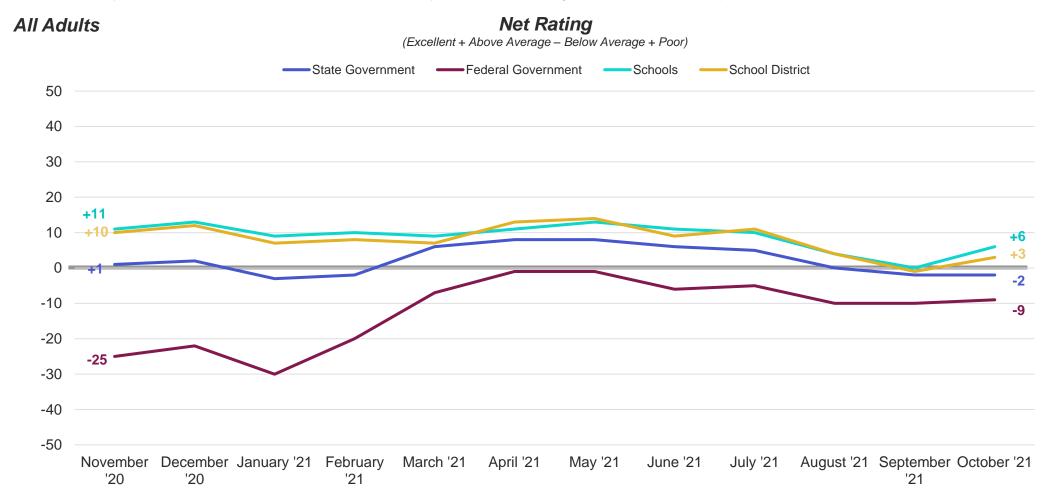
Americans are most likely to rate local businesses more positively compared with other institutions for how they've responded to the coronavirus pandemic. Otherwise, the public continues to give middling ratings to other various institutions.

Based on what you have seen, read, or heard so far, how would you rate the following institutions on their response to the coronavirus (COVID-19) outbreak?

All Adults **Net Rating** (Excellent + Above Average) -■ Excellent Above Average ■ Below Average ■ Poor ■ Don't Know/No Opinion Average (Below Average + Poor) 11% 27% 38% 8% 7% 9% +23 Local, small businesses +6 Schools 9% 21% 37% 14% 10% 9% +5 Local government 10% 20% 38% 14% 11% 8% +3 School districts 10% 38% 9% 18% 14% 11% +2 Local news media/organizations 10% 19% 34% 11% 16% 10% -2 11% 20% 29% 16% 17% 8% State government National, multi-national -6 8% 14% 37% 15% 13% 13% corporations -7 National news media organizations 11% 15% 31% 13% 9% 20% -9 9% 18% 28% Federal government 16% 20% 9%

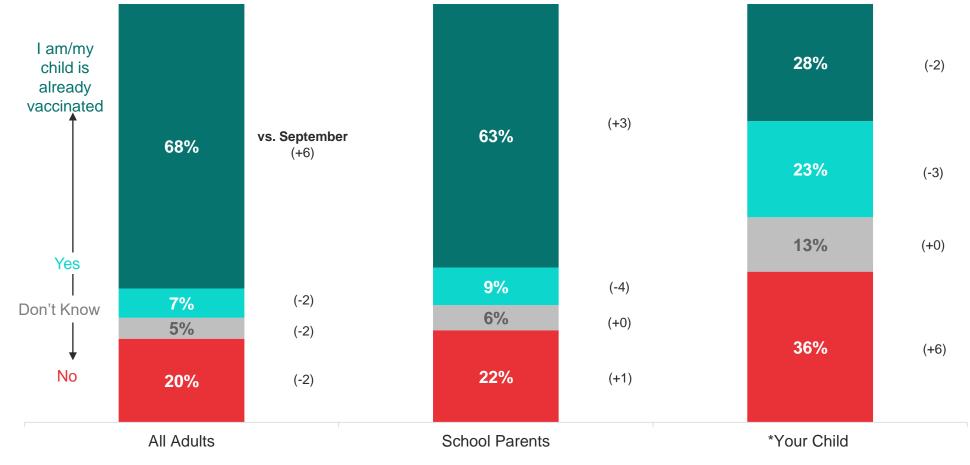
Pandemic response ratings of both schools and school districts increased in October. Views of government – state or federal – has held steady.

Based on what you have seen, read, or heard so far, how would you rate the following institutions on their response to the coronavirus (COVID-19) outbreak?



In October, school parents and the public reported increases in vaccine uptake and willingness.

Now that an FDA (Food and Drug Administration) approved vaccine to prevent COVID-19 is available for you, have/will you get vaccinated? When an FDA (Food and Drug Administration) approved vaccine to prevent COVID-19 is available for your child, would you agree to have your child/children vaccinated?



In October, we see the largest increases of vaccinations and vaccine willingness among Blacks and Urbanites.

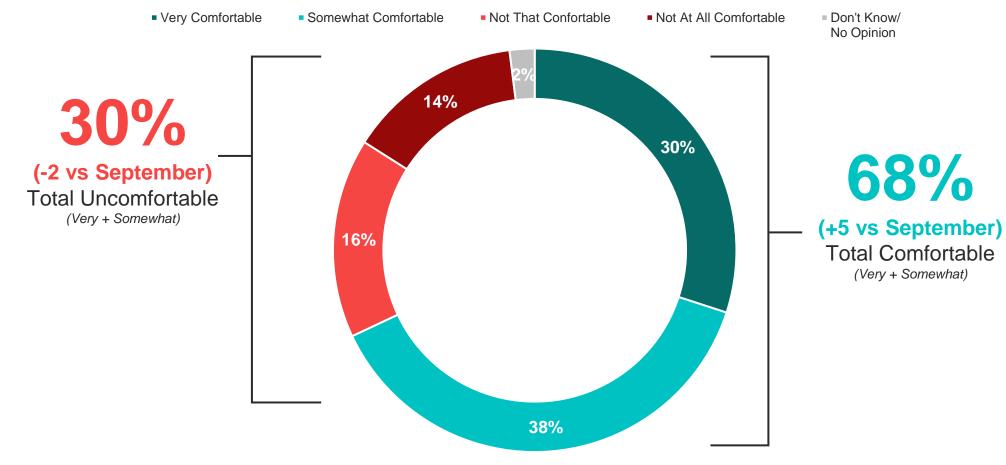
Now that an FDA (Food and Drug Administration) approved vaccine to prevent COVID-19 is available for you, have/will you get vaccinated? When an FDA (Food and Drug Administration) approved vaccine to prevent COVID-19 is available for your child, would you agree to have your child/children vaccinated?

All Adults

Groups most likely to vaccinated/alread vaccinated	_	Vs September	Groups moderately I get vaccinated/alr	-	Vs September	Groups less likely to vaccinated/alread vaccinated	_	Vs September
Democrat	88%	+3	West Region	76%	+2	Gen X	70%	-3
Educ: Bachelors or Postgrad	87%	+2	Hispanic	75%	+5	Small Town	69%	+6
Baby Boomers	85%	+4	Non-Hispanic White	75%	+2	Educ: < College	69%	+4
High Income \$75K+	83%	-2	South Region	74%	+6			
Northeast Region	80%	-1	Gen Z	74%	+7	Low Income < \$35K	69%	+4
Urban	79 %	+8	Independent	72 %	+6	Millennials	65%	+5
Middle Income \$35K to < \$75K	79%	+6	Midwest Region	72%	+4	Republican	65%	-1
Suburban	79 %	+0	Black	71%	+12	Rural	64%	+2

School parents feel slightly more comfortable with their child returning to school in October when compared to September.

Based on what you have seen, read, or heard about the coronavirus (COVID-19) outbreak so far, how comfortable are you with your child/children returning to school right now?



Those who are comfortable with their children returning believe enough people have been vaccinated and that schools will take proper precautions. Those that are uncomfortable believe that not enough people are vaccinated, and that precautions are not being taken.

Why do you feel comfortable/uncomfortable with your child/children returning to school right now?

School Parents

COMFORTABLE

66

66

"They are taking precautions so I'm comfortable and (my child) needs to be in person at school." "My eldest two are vaccinated so this gives me some peace. My youngest is not vaccinated yet but the school requires masks and has great covid policies."

UNCOMFORTABLE

"My children's school is not doing much to prevent the spread of COVID. My children are vaccinated but the different variants makes me worried."

"Because I don't feel like things were under control when restrictions were lifted to begin with."

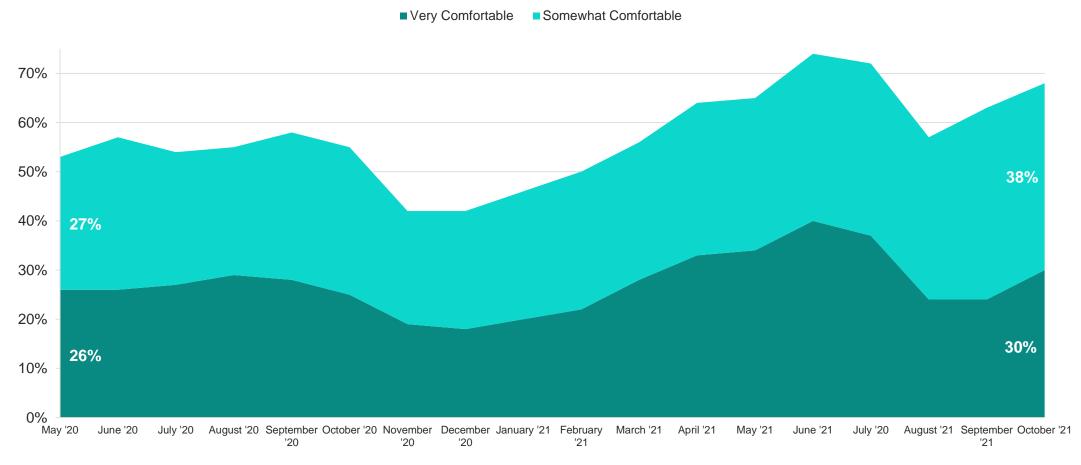
"Our school system has handled this situation very well so far. If an outbreak happened, I'm confident that it will be maintained to the best of their abilities."

"Because they have been vaccinated and are wearing masks and social distancing."

"The outbreak is still uncontrolled, and the vaccine is not available for my child." "Because they weren't requiring masks for all the students, and the majority of the students aren't vaccinated, and they had multiple outbreaks."

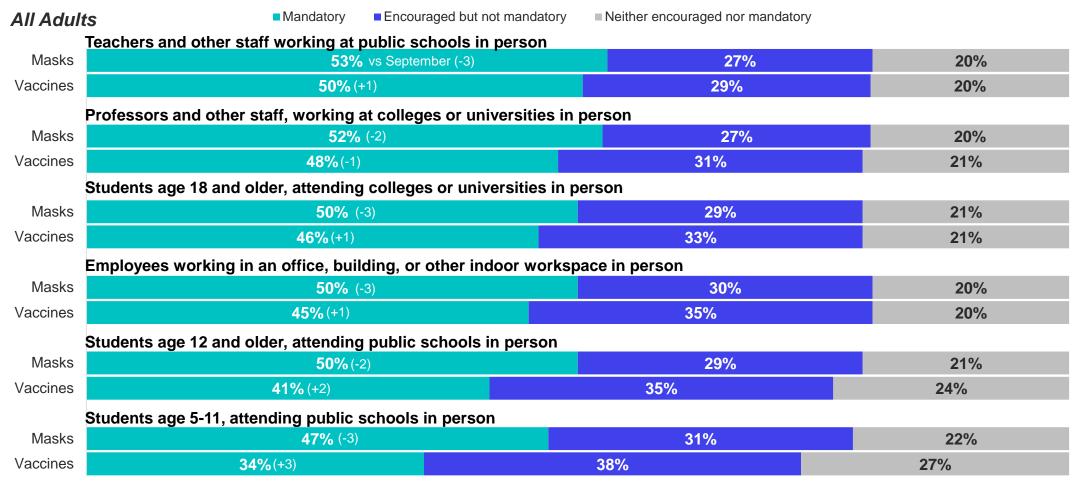
School parents' comfort with their children returning to school continues, increasing six points in October.

Based on what you have seen, read, or heard about the coronavirus (COVID-19) outbreak so far, how comfortable are you with your child/children returning to school right now?



Americans have maintained their mixed views on mandates for masking and vaccinations. Although, there was a slight decrease in support for mandatory masking in October.

Now that an FDA (Food and Drug Administration) approved vaccine to prevent COVID-19 is available, do you think it should be mandatory or encouraged for the following groups? Do you think masking should be mandatory or encouraged for the following groups?

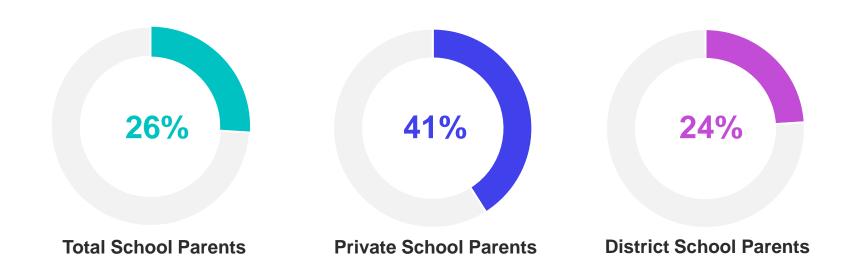


One out of four school parents have had to quarantine their child in the past month due to COVID-19. The rate is even higher among private school parents.

In the last month, have any of your children quarantined because of the COVID-19 outbreak?

School Parents

% of Parents Having to Quarantine their Child in the Past Month

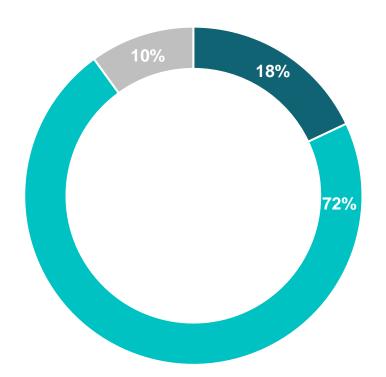


Seven out of 10 school parents still believe that schools should provide multiple learning options for students in the fall.

Do you think schools should offer only one approach to educating K-12 students in the fall or provide multiple learning options?

School Parents

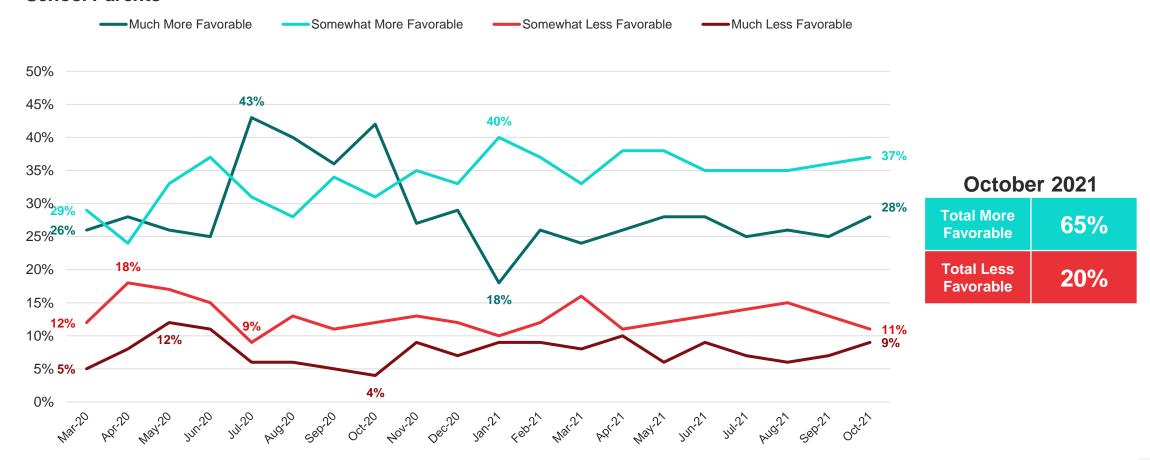
Offer One Approach
 Provide Multiple Learning Options
 Don't Know / No Opinion



Desire to	provide multiple learning options b	y demographic
ō	*Low Income < \$35K	73%
Income	*Middle Income \$35K to < \$75K	76%
<u>=</u>	High Income \$75K+	65%
al on	Democrat	74%
Political Affiliation	Independent	78%
Pc Aff	Republican	64%
_	Black	79%
Race	Hispanic	76%
Ľ.	White	70%
	<u> </u>	

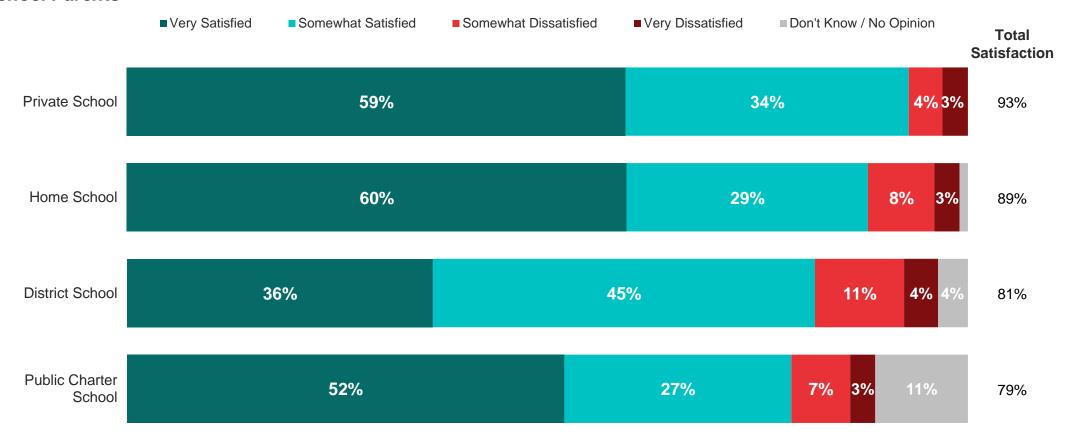
Overall favorability of homeschooling held steady among school parents in October. They remain over three times as likely to be more favorable than less favorable.

How have your opinions on homeschooling changed as a result of the coronavirus?



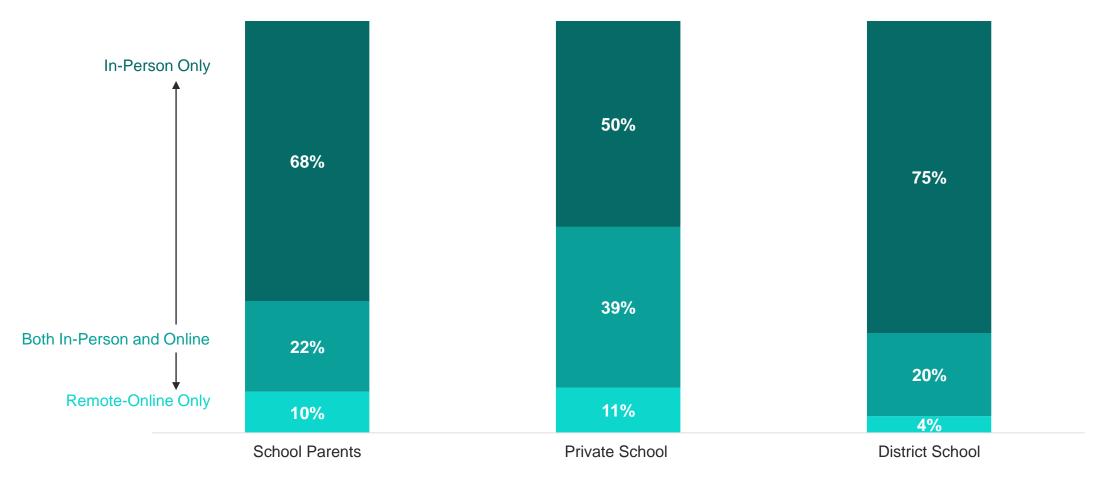
Parents are generally satisfied with their experiences across different school sectors. Private school parents are much more likely to be "very satisfied" than district school parents.

To what extent are you satisfied or dissatisfied with your child's/children's experiences with the following types of schooling?



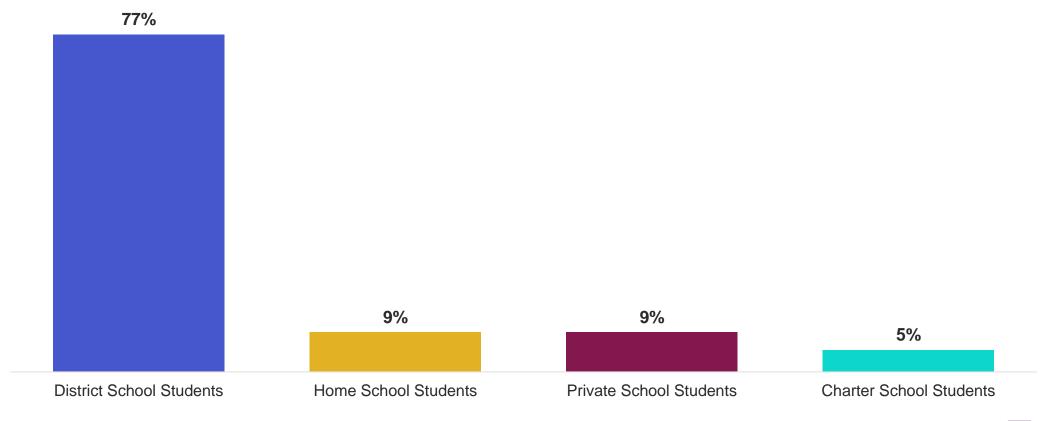
Private schools appear to be more likely than public district schools to offer both inperson learning and remote learning capabilities.

Please tell us the grade level for each of your children; what kind of school each child will attend this new school year; and what kind of school each child was being educated in at the beginning of the 2020/2021 school year.



Estimated school type attendance for the 2021-2022 school year

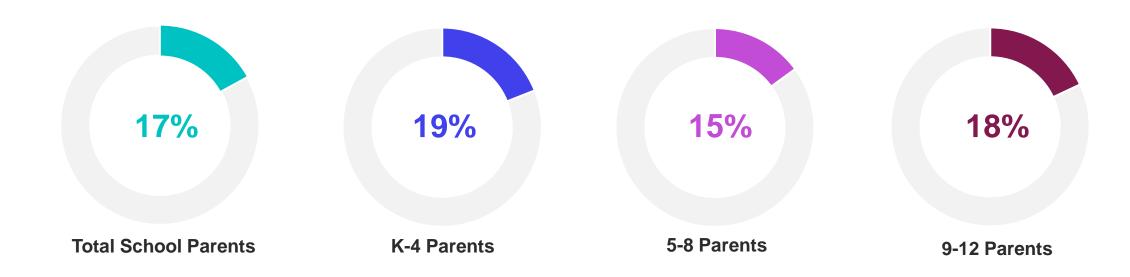
% of Students, Reported by Parents



Roughly one out of five school parents have switched the type of school their child is attending this year when compared to last year.

Please tell us the grade level for each of your children; what kind of school each child will attend this new school year; and what kind of school each child was being educated in at the beginning of the 2020/2021 school year.

% of Students Switching School Type, Reported by Parents

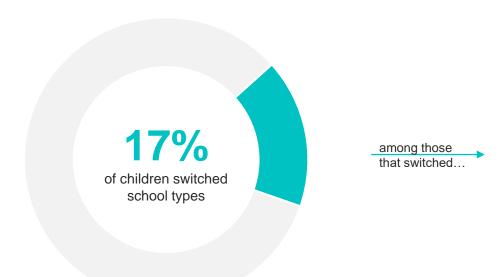


Parents of children that were home-schooled last year are most likely to say their children were in a new school type in October.

Please tell us the grade level for each of your children; what kind of school each child will attend this new school year; and what kind of school each child was being educated in at the beginning of the 2020/2021 school year.

Cohool Type Attended



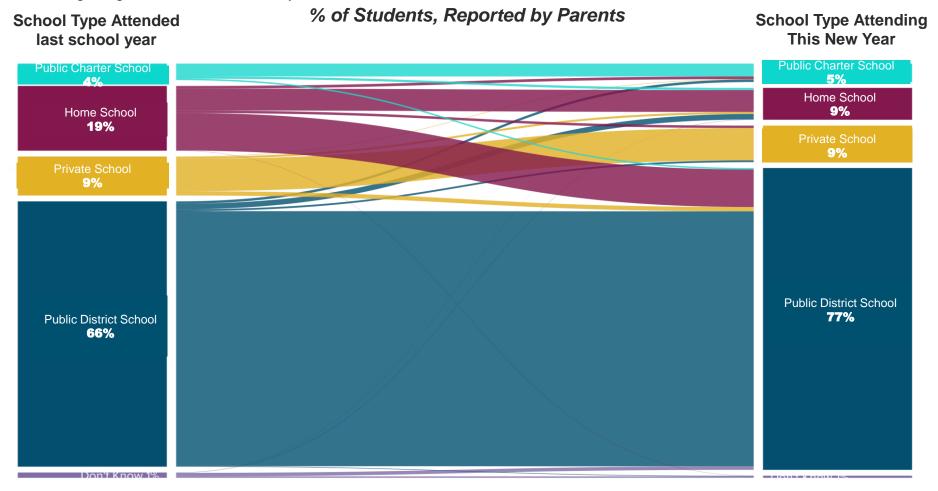


School Type Attended Last School Year		School Type Attending This New Year
FROM •	% of total switching	→ TO
Home School	4%	Private School
Home School	4%	Public Charter School
Home School	56%	Public District School
Private School	3%	Home School
Private School	1%	Public Charter School
Private School	6%	Public District School
Public Charter School	3%	Home School
Public Charter School	0%	Private School
Public Charter School	2%	Public District School
Public District School	8%	Home School
Public District School	3%	Private School
Public District School	4%	Public Charter School

Cohool Type Attending

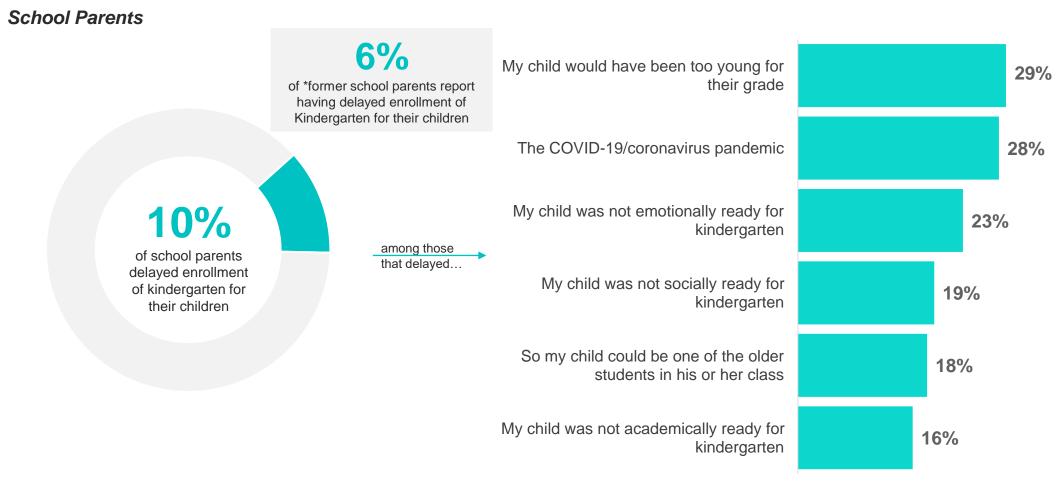
Based on parent reports – less students will be attending home school this year, and more will be attending public district school.

Please tell us the grade level for each of your children; what kind of school each child will attend this new school year; and what kind of school each child was being educated in at the beginning of the 2020/2021 school year.



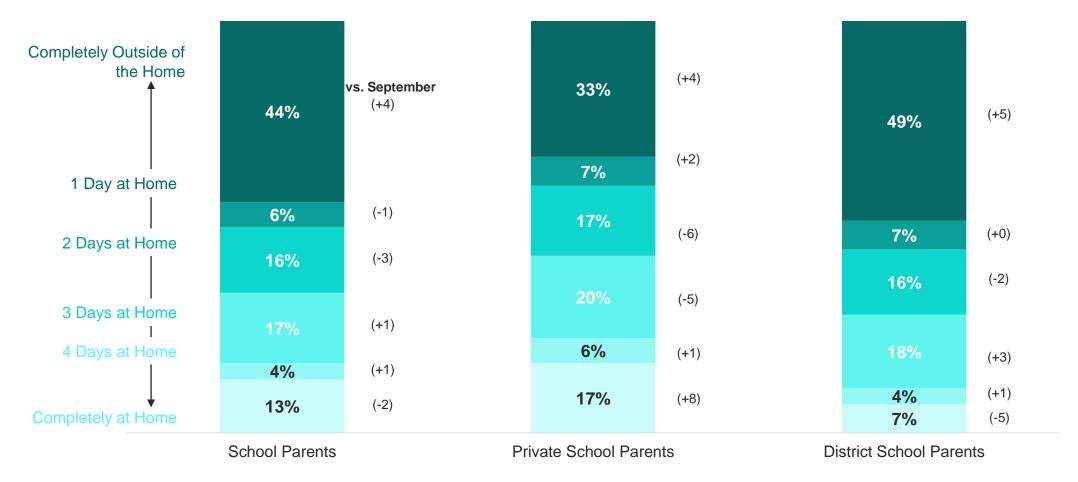
Current school parents are nearly twice as likely as former school parents to have delayed enrollment of kindergarten for any of their children.

Did you delay enrollment of kindergarten for any of your children? Which of the following are reasons you waited to enroll your child(ren) in Kindergarten?



District school parents are more likely to prefer schooling take place completely outside of the home when compared to private school parents.

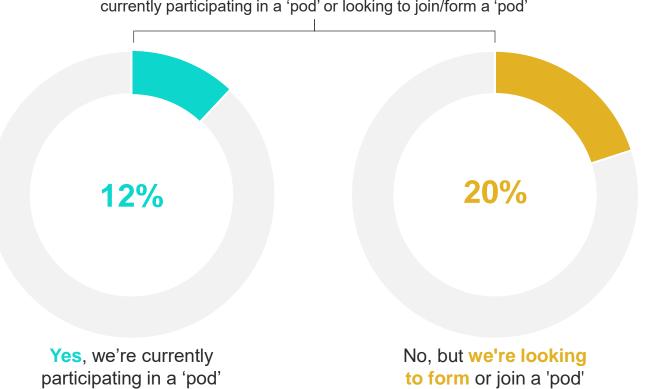
After the pandemic, if given the option, to what extent would you prefer schooling to be scheduled each week at home with a parent or tutor to provide the best education for your child?

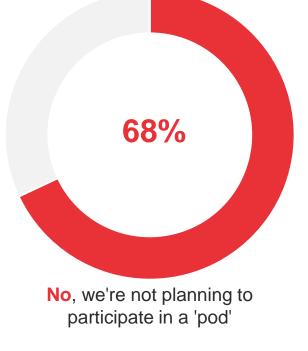


Parent interest in either participating in or looking to form/join a learning 'pod' slightly decreased in October.

As a result of the coronavirus pandemic, are you currently participating in a 'pod' with other families?







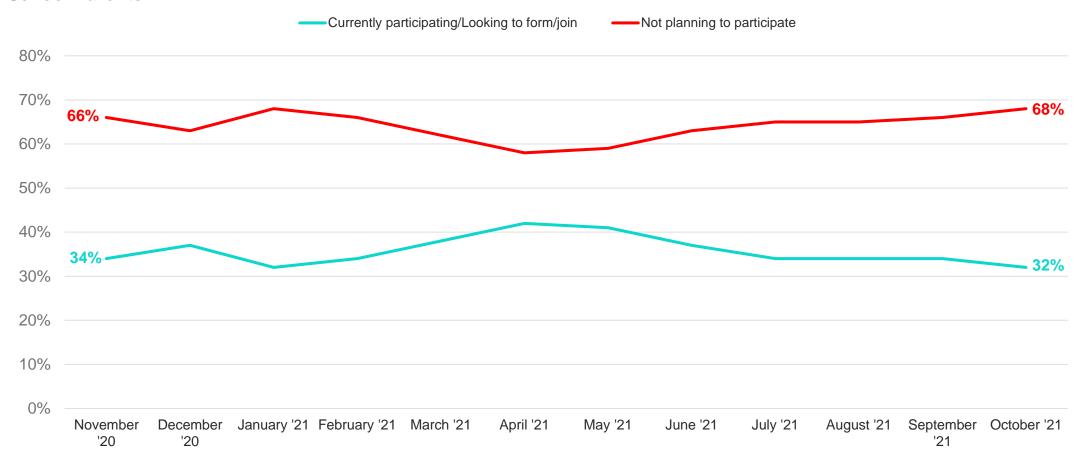
In October, there were decreases in 'pod' interest among several demographic groups, especially Blacks, Hispanics, and those living in the West.

As a result of the coronavirus pandemic, are you currently participating in a 'pod' with other families?

Most likely to participation form / join a poo		Vs September				Less likely to participate in / form / join a Pod		
Private School Parent	49%	-3	Midwest	34%	+7	Low Income < \$35K	27%	-6
Urban	44%	-2	Hispanic	34%	-12			
Home School Parent	40%	-8	Democrat	33%	-3	Republican	27%	-7
Independent	37%	+5	Middle Income \$35K- \$75K	31%	-3	West	27%	-12
High Income: \$75K+	37%	+1	South	31%	-4	Non-Hispanic White	26%	-1
Black*	37%	-9	District School Parent	29%	-1			
Northeast	35%	+3	Educ: < College	29%	-1	Rural	23%	+1
Educ: Bachelors or Postgrad	35%	-5	Suburban	28%	-5	Small Town	22%	+6

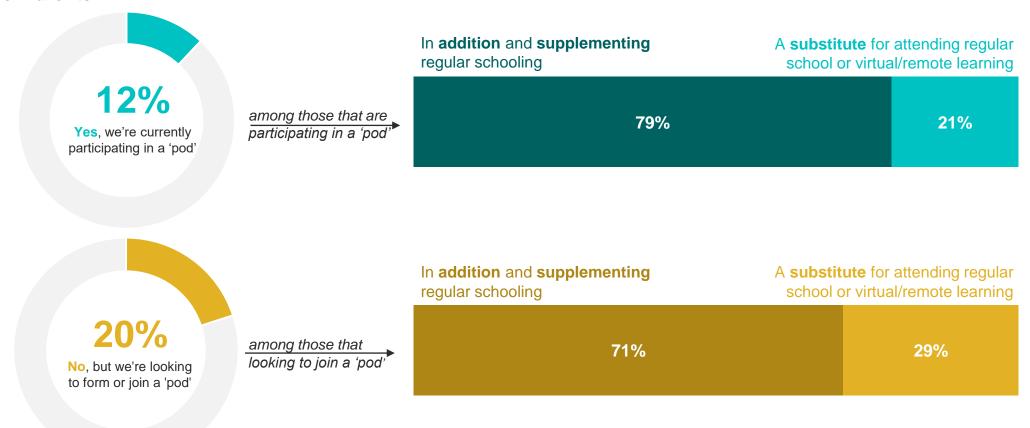
About one-third of parents have said they are participating in or considering joining a learning 'pod' – a consistent finding since July.

As a result of the coronavirus pandemic, are you currently participating in a 'pod' with other families?



'Pods' continue to be primarily used in addition to regular schooling and are less likely to be a substitute for regular school.

You said you're currently participating in a 'pod', is that...? You said you're looking to form a 'pod', would that be...?

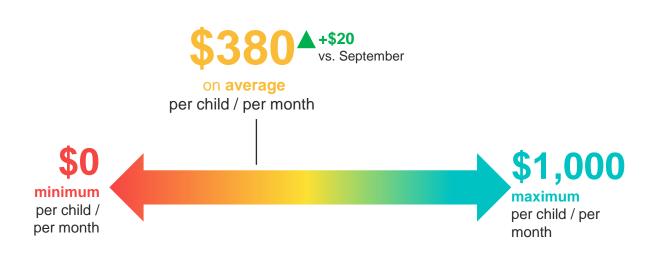


In October, school parents were willing to pay \$380/month for a child to participate in a learning 'pod'.

What would you be able and willing to spend, on a monthly basis, to participate in a single learning pod per child?

School Parents

among those interested in or participating in a 'pod'

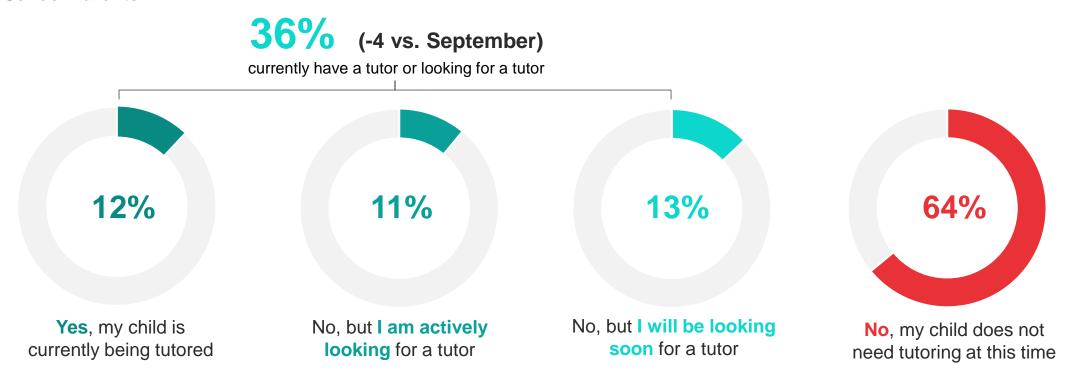


	Average willing to spend per child month by demographic	n/ Pei
<u>e</u>	*Low Income < \$35K	\$317
Income	*Middle Income \$35K to < \$75K	\$394
ŭ	High Income \$75K+	\$410
on on	Democrat	\$368
Political Affiliation	Independent	\$360
Aff	Republican	\$427
	*West	\$330
ion	*Midwest	\$394
Region	South	\$385
	*Northeast	\$406

^{*}indicates base size <n=100

In October, there was a slight decrease in tutoring interest among school parents.

Is your child getting tutoring outside of regular school hours this school year?



In October, interest in tutoring decreased most among Hispanics, home school parents, those with low incomes, and those living in the West.

Is your child getting tutoring outside of regular school hours this school year?

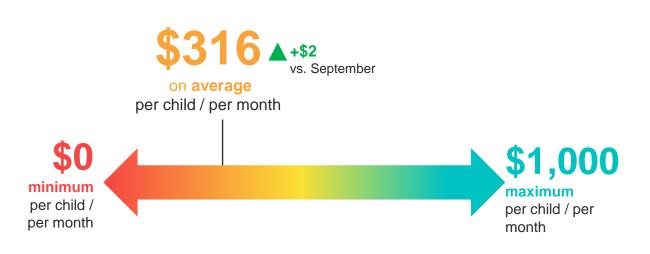
38% 37% 35%	-13 +0 +1	Non-Hispanic White Low Income < \$35K	33%	
37%	+0			
		Low Income < \$35K	33%	-12
35%	+1	Low Income < \$35K	33%	-12
35 %	-2	Rural	32%	-1
35 %	-4	Republican	30%	-5
35%	-18			
34%	+4	West	30%	-13
34%	-5	Suburban	29%	-8
	35% 35% 35% 34%	35% -2 35% -4 35% -18 34% +4	Rural Republican Republican West Head Suburban	Rural 32% Republican 30% Republican 30% West 30% +4

In October, the amount school parents are willing to spend for tutoring held steady.

What would you be able and willing to spend, on a monthly basis, per child for tutoring outside of school hours?

School Parents

among those interested in or participating in a tutoring

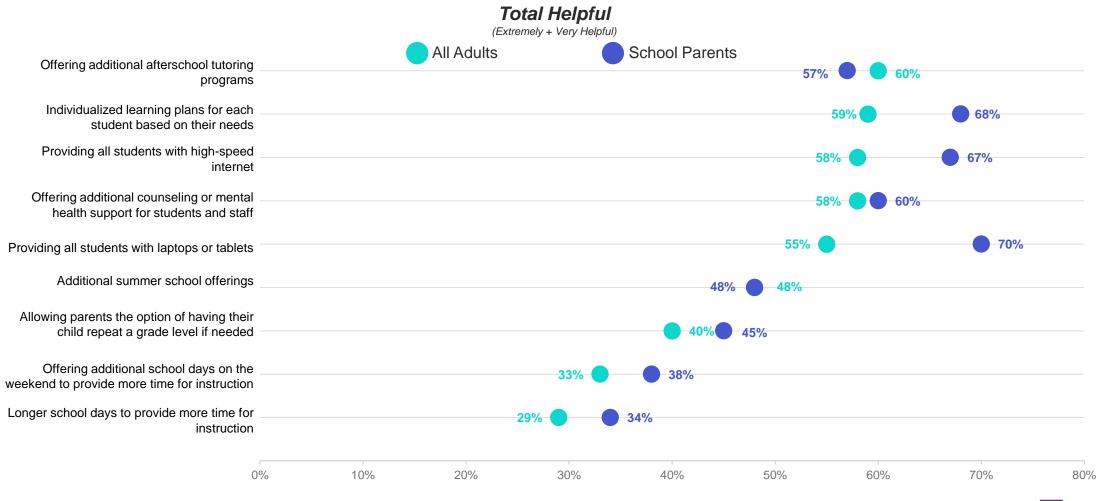


	month by demographic	
e e	*Low Income < \$35K	\$244
Income	*Middle Income \$35K to < \$75K	\$296
	High Income \$75K+	\$396
ou	Democrat	\$306
Political Affiliation	Independent	\$299
	Republican	\$355
	*West	\$327
nol	*Midwest	\$312
Region	South	\$311
	*Northeast	\$324

^{*}indicates base size <n=100

School parents are much more likely to value access to high-speed internet and providing laptops/tablets, as well as individualized learning plans—compared to other resources.

How helpful do you think each of the following will be in helping students/your child/children next school year following the COVID-19 outbreak?



AGENDA

COVID-19 AND SCHOOLING

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SURVEY PROFILE AND DEMOGRAPHICS



Descriptions Used:

Charter Schools

Charter schools are public schools that have more control over their own budget, staff, and curriculum, and are exempt from many existing public school regulations.

School Vouchers

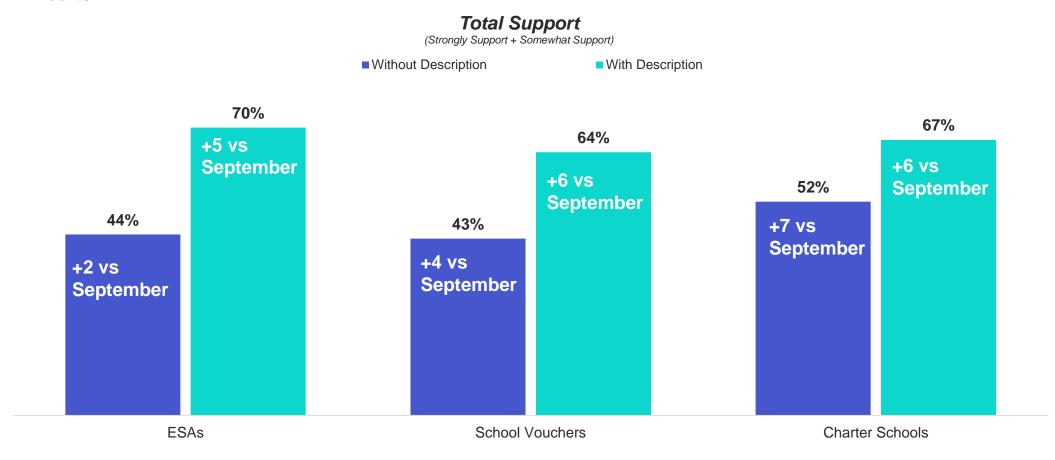
A school voucher system allows parents the option of sending their child to the school of their choice, whether that school is public or private, including both religious and non-religious schools. If this policy were adopted, tax dollars currently allocated to a school district would be allocated to parents in the form of a 'school voucher' to pay partial or full tuition for the child's school.

Education Savings Accounts

An "education savings account" in K–12 education - often called an ESA establishes for parents a governmentauthorized savings account with restricted, but multiple uses for educational purposes. Parents can then use these funds to pay for: school tuition; tutoring; online education programs; therapies for students with special needs; textbooks or other instructional materials; or save for future college expenses.

All school choice policies continue to see a lift in support when people are given a description. We see increased overall support for all three types of policies since September.

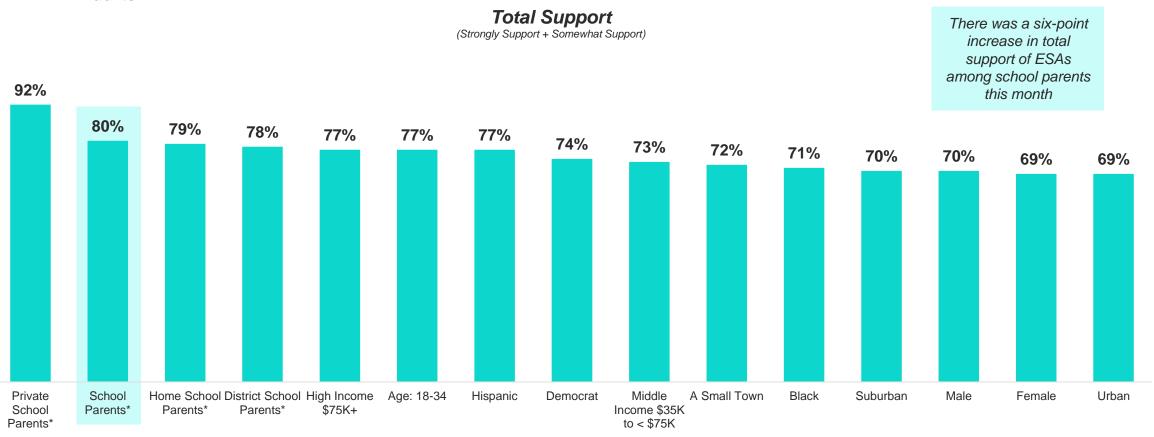
All Adults



Three out of four school parents say they support ESAs. There is a wide range of support among all demographics.

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All Adults





Support of ESAs remains high across demographic groups. There were large increases among GenZers and Hispanics in October.

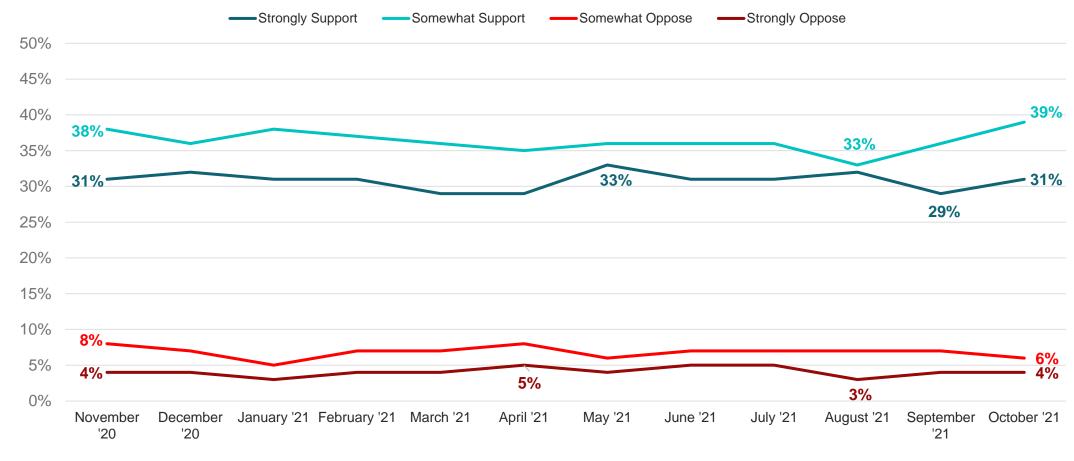
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Most	Supportive	
MOSt	Supportive	

	V	's September		V:	s September		V	s September
Gen Z	83%	+20	Small Town	72%	+2	Midwest	68%	+4
Educ: Bachelors or Postgrad	78%	+9	Black	71%	+9	Republican	68%	+2
Hispanic	77%	+15	Male	70%	+6	Independent	68%	+2
High Income \$75K+	77 %	+6	Suburban	70%	+4	Non-Hispanic White	68%	+1
			South	70%	+2	·		
Democrat	74%	+5	Northeast	69%	+3	Rural	67%	+5
Middle Income \$35K- \$75K	73%	+3	Urban	69%	+3	Educ: < College	66%	+3
West	72 %	+9	Baby Boomer	69%	+3	Low Income < \$35K	63%	+2
Millennial	72 %	+5	Female	69%	+2	Gen X	63%	-2

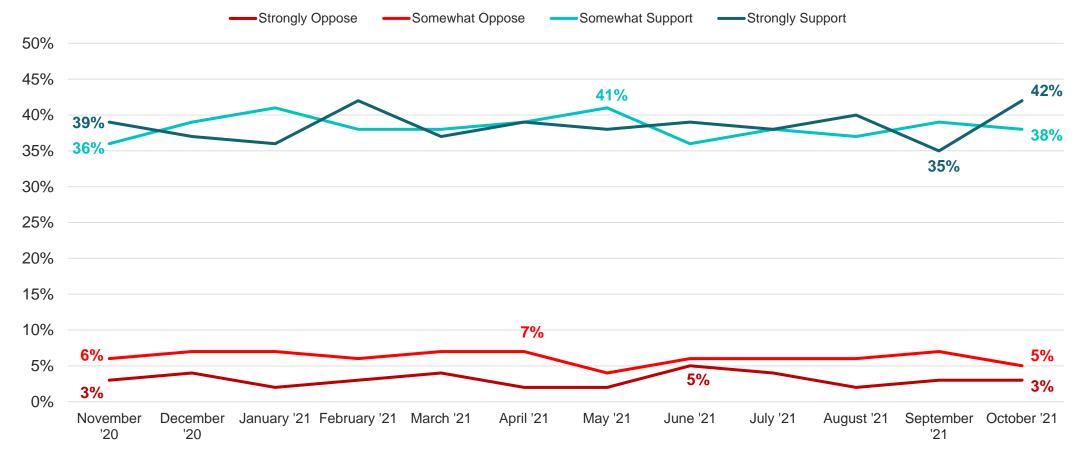
Since August, the public's soft support of ESAs has grown by six points...

An "education savings account" in K–12 education – often called an ESA – establishes for parents a government-authorized savings account with restricted, but multiple uses for educational purposes. Parents can then use these funds to pay for: school tuition; tutoring; online education programs; therapies for students with special needs; textbooks or other instructional materials; or save for future college expenses. In general, what is your opinion of an ESA system?



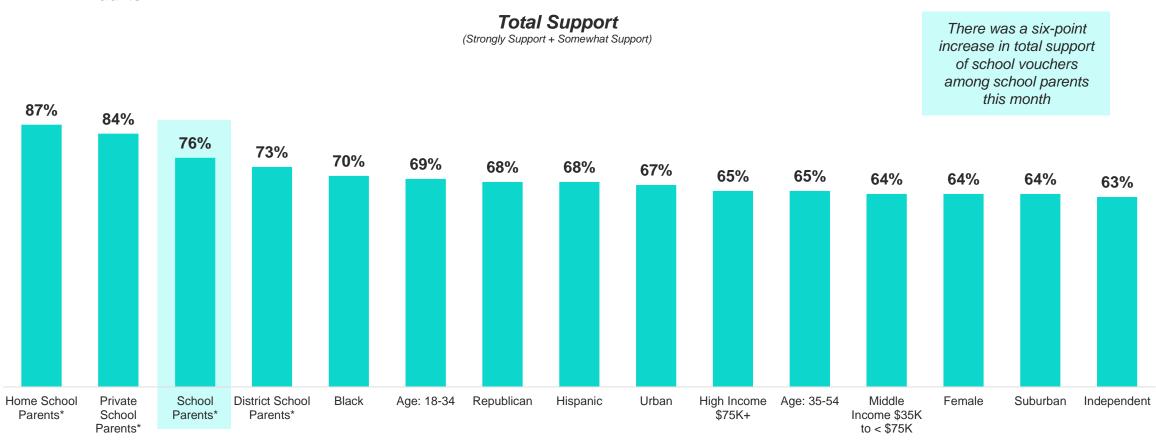
Among school parents, strong support for ESAs increased by seven points in October.

An "education savings account" in K–12 education – often called an ESA – establishes for parents a government-authorized savings account with restricted, but multiple uses for educational purposes. Parents can then use these funds to pay for: school tuition; tutoring; online education programs; therapies for students with special needs; textbooks or other instructional materials; or save for future college expenses. In general, what is your opinion of an ESA system?



Roughly three-fourths of parents say they support school vouchers. There is broad support across all demographics.

A school voucher system allows parents the option of sending their child to the school of their choice, whether that school is public or private, including both religious and non-religious schools. If this policy were adopted, tax dollars currently allocated to a school district would be allocated to parents in the form of a 'school voucher' to pay partial or full tuition for the child's school. In general, what is your opinion of school voucher systems?



Support of school vouchers increased across many demographic groups in October, especially among GenZers, Blacks, and those with a college education.

A school voucher system allows parents the option of sending their child to the school of their choice, whether that school is public or private, including both religious and non-religious schools. If this policy were adopted, tax dollars currently allocated to a school district would be allocated to parents in the form of a 'school voucher' to pay partial or full tuition for the child's school. In general, what is your opinion of school voucher systems?

All Adults

Most Supportive

Educ: Bachelors or

Postgrad

Millennials

Urban

West

67%

67%

67%

66%

+11

+6

	Vs	September		Vs	September		Vs	s September
Gen Z	74%	+19	Northeast	65%	+7	Low Income < \$35K	62%	+6
Black	70%	+15	High Income \$75K+	65%	+6	Male	62%	+4
Hispanic	68%	+6	Suburban	64%	+7	Midwest	61%	+8
Danishliana	CO 0/	. 4	Female	64%	+6	Descri	040/	-
Republican	68%	+4	Middle Income \$35K-	C 40/	. 5	Rural	61%	+5

\$75K

Gen X

South

Democrat

Independent

64%

63%

63%

63%

63%

+5

+8

+7

+7

+4

61%

61%

60%

59%

+4

+2

+1

+3

Non-Hispanic White

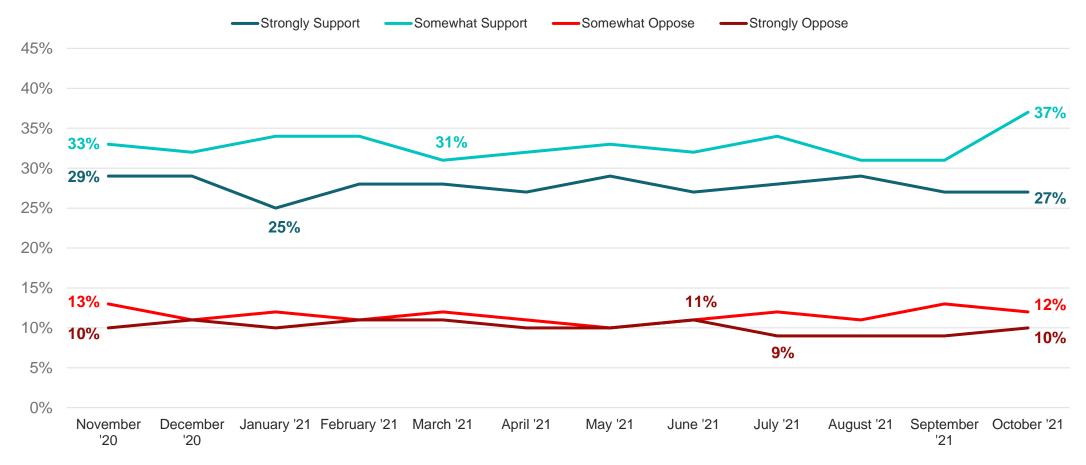
Educ: < College

Small Town

Baby Boomer

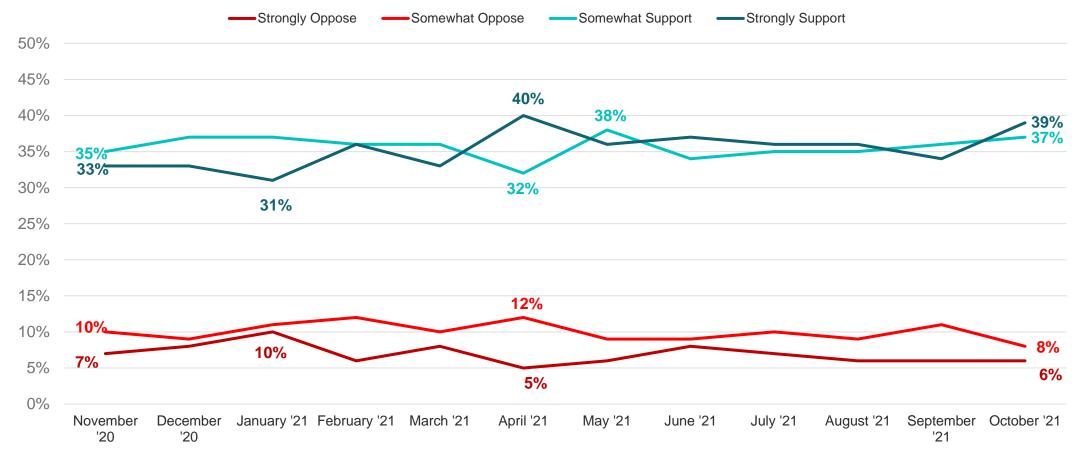
The public's soft support for school vouchers increased by six points in October.

A school voucher system allows parents the option of sending their child to the school of their choice, whether that school is public or private, including both religious and non-religious schools. If this policy were adopted, tax dollars currently allocated to a school district would be allocated to parents in the form of a 'school voucher' to pay partial or full tuition for the child's school. In general, what is your opinion of school voucher systems?



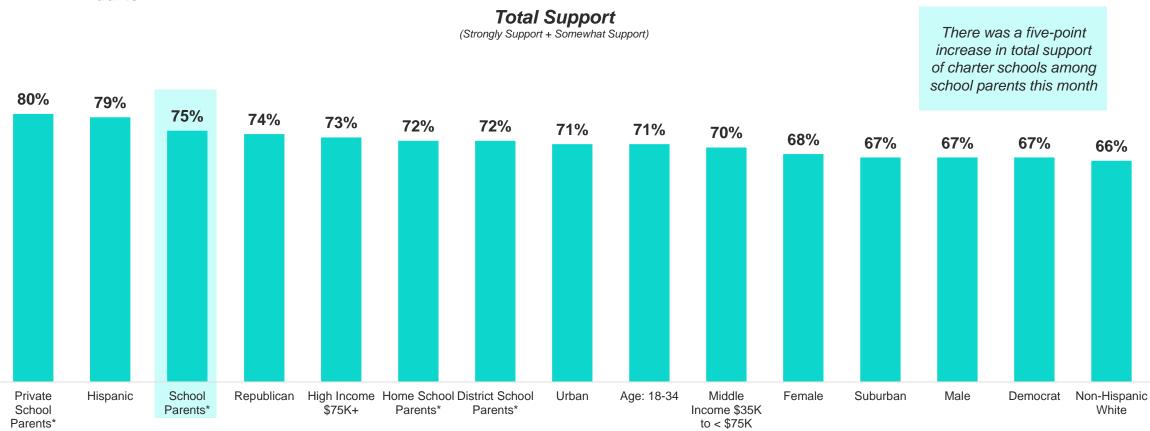
School parents' strong support for school vouchers increased by five points in October.

A school voucher system allows parents the option of sending their child to the school of their choice, whether that school is public or private, including both religious and non-religious schools. If this policy were adopted, tax dollars currently allocated to a school district would be allocated to parents in the form of a 'school voucher' to pay partial or full tuition for the child's school. In general, what is your opinion of school voucher systems?



Three-fourths of school parents say they support public charter schools. There continues to be widespread support across demographics.

Charter schools are public schools that have more control over their own budget, staff, and curriculum, and are exempt from many existing public school regulations. In general, what is your opinion of public charter schools?



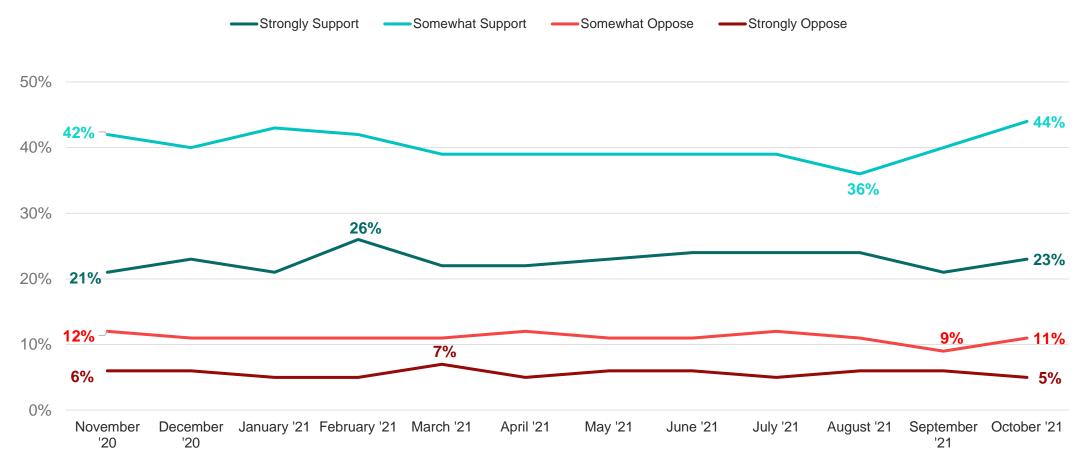
Support of charter schools remains high across demographics with notable increases occurring among Hispanics, GenZers, and Blacks.

Charter schools are public schools that have more control over their own budget, staff, and curriculum, and are exempt from many existing public school regulations. In general, what is your opinion of public charter schools?

	V	s September		V	s September		Vs	s Septembe
Hispanic	79%	+20	Urban	71%	+7	Baby Boomer	66%	+3
Republican	74%	+5	Middle Income \$35K to < \$75K	70%	+4	Rural	65%	+8
High Income \$75K+	73%	+8	Female	68%	+7	Educ: < College	65%	+5
Gen Z	72 %	+16	Democrat	67%	+9	Independent	65%	+5
Educ: Bachelors or	72 %	+9	Male	67%	+6	Gen X	64%	+5
Postgrad		. •	Suburban	67%	+4	3 6 / .		. 0
West	72 %	+7	Black	66%	+12	Small Town	63%	+8
Millennials	71%	+9	South	66%	+5	Low Income < \$35K	63%	+8
Northeast	71%	+8	Non-Hispanic White	66%	+4	Midwest	62%	+9

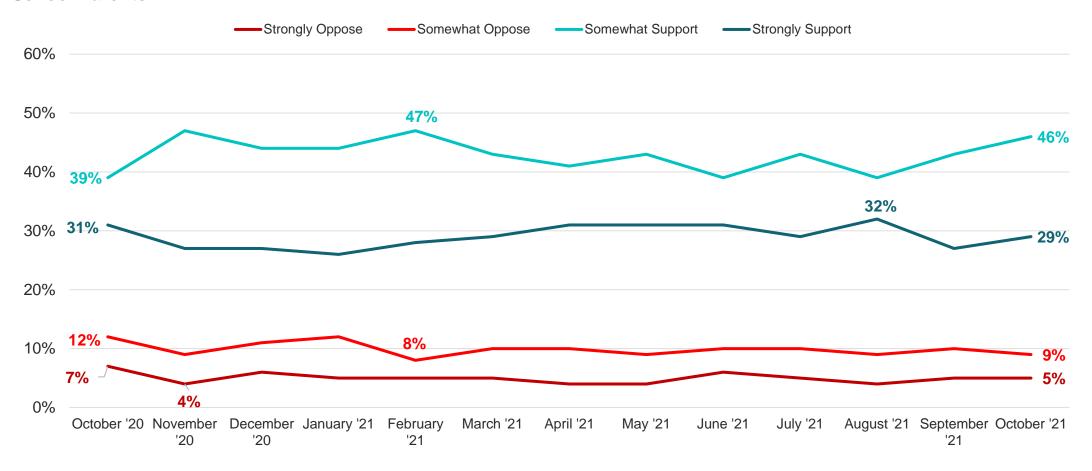
The public's soft support for charter schools has increased by eight points since August.

Charter schools are public schools that have more control over their own budget, staff, and curriculum, and are exempt from many existing public school regulations. In general, what is your opinion of public charter schools?



Parents' soft support for charter schools has increased by seven points since August.

Charter schools are public schools that have more control over their own budget, staff, and curriculum, and are exempt from many existing public school regulations. In general, what is your opinion of public charter schools?



AGENDA

COVID-19 AND SCHOOLING

SCHOOL CHOICE POLICIES

VIEWS ON K-12 EDUCATION

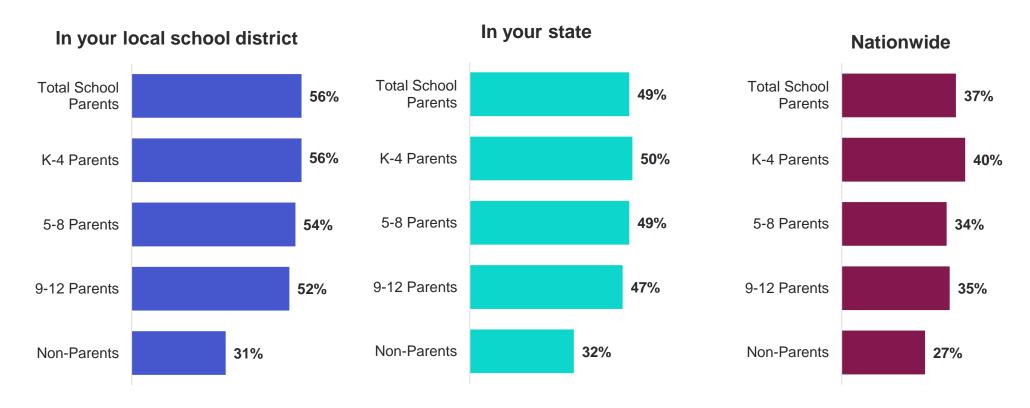
SURVEY PROFILE AND DEMOGRAPHICS



School parents remain much more optimistic about the direction of K-12 education than non-parents.

Do you feel things in K-12 Education are generally going in the right direction, or do you feel things have generally gotten off on the wrong track?

% Right Direction

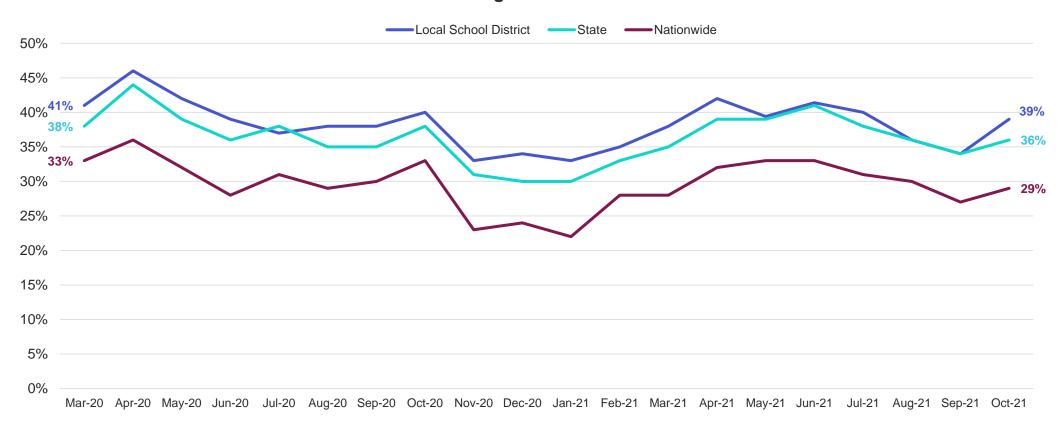


The public's positive views about the direction of K-12 education on a local level increased by five points in October. That level is nearly 10 points higher than their positivity for the nation.

Do you feel things in K-12 Education are generally going in the right direction, or do you feel things have generally gotten off on the wrong track?

All Adults

% Right Direction

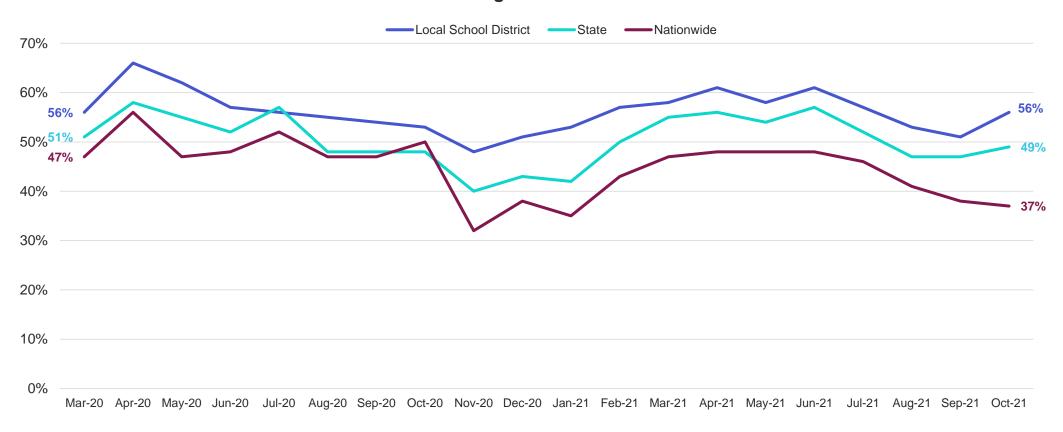


School parents' positive sentiments about K-12 education on a local level increased by five points in October.

Do you feel things in K-12 Education are generally going in the right direction, or do you feel things have generally gotten off on the wrong track?

School Parents

% Right Direction



Parents are more likely to be positive and to give A/B grades to school boards than other policymakers for their handling of K-12 education.

How would you grade the following on their handling of matters in K-12 education?

School Parents В C F В C F Α D School District 10 11 12 17 26 Board 12 8 13 16 State Legislature 24 27 12 12 18 22 13 17 State Governor 22 25 The Biden 12 13 10 18 24 27 Administration

On average, Americans are more likely to say what is learned in high school is extremely important compared to what is learned in grades K-8.

What do you believe should be the main purpose of education during Kindergarten through 8th grade/High School? In your opinion, how important is it for students to learn...

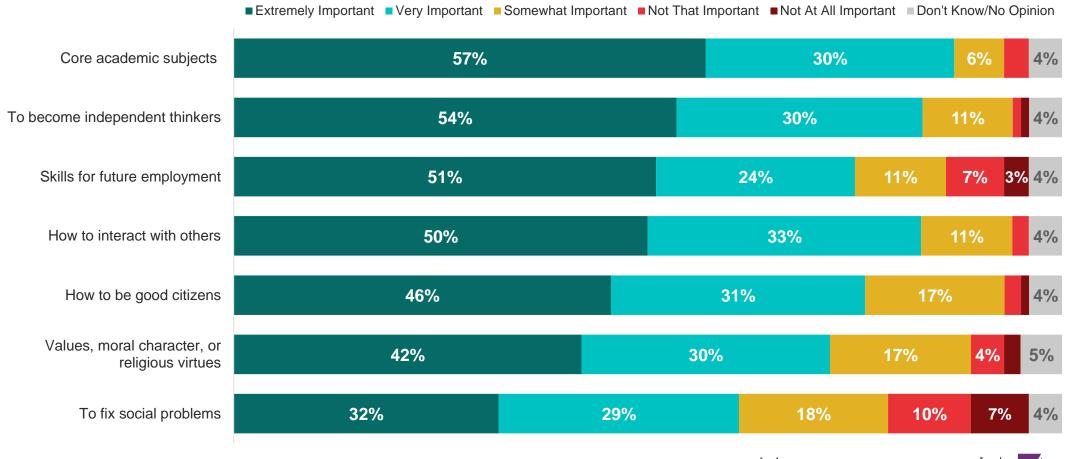
All Adults

% Extremely Important

Gra	ades K-8	Gra	ides 9-12
Aver	age % selected Extremely Important 41%	Avera	age % selected Extremely Important 48% +8 vs September
	Core academic subjects (55%)		Skills for future employment (61%)
-,	Become independent thinkers (46%)		Core academic subjects (57%)
	Socialization (45%)	- <u>,</u> Ō੍	Become independent thinkers (52%)
	How to be good citizens (42%)		How to be good citizens (48%)
	Skills for future employment (41%)		Socialization (46%) +6 vs September
	Values, moral character, religious virtues (37%)	6	Values, moral character, religious virtues (40%)
ĐĨĐ	To fix social problems (24%)	DÍQ	To fix social problems (29%)

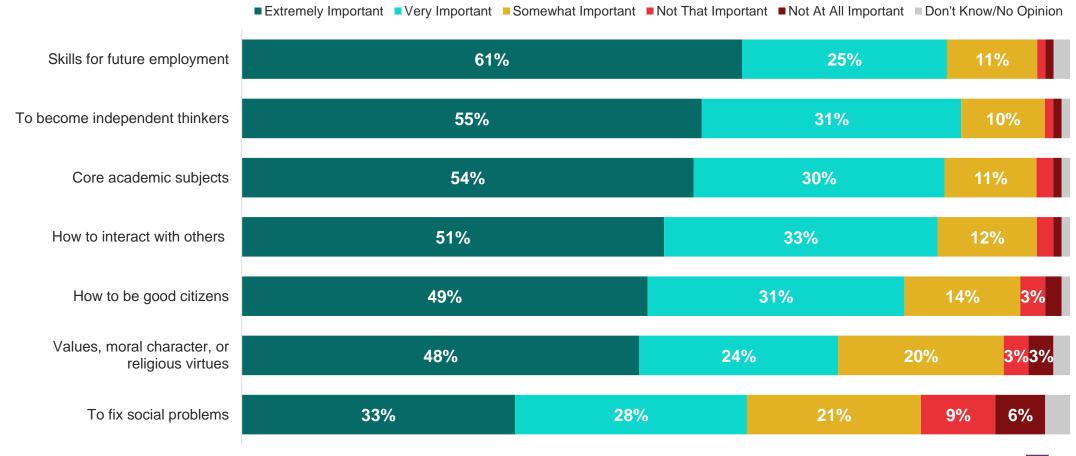
School parents are most likely to say learning core academic subjects is an extremely important purpose of K-8 education.

What do you believe should be the main purpose of education during Kindergarten through 8th grade? In your opinion, how important is it for students to learn...



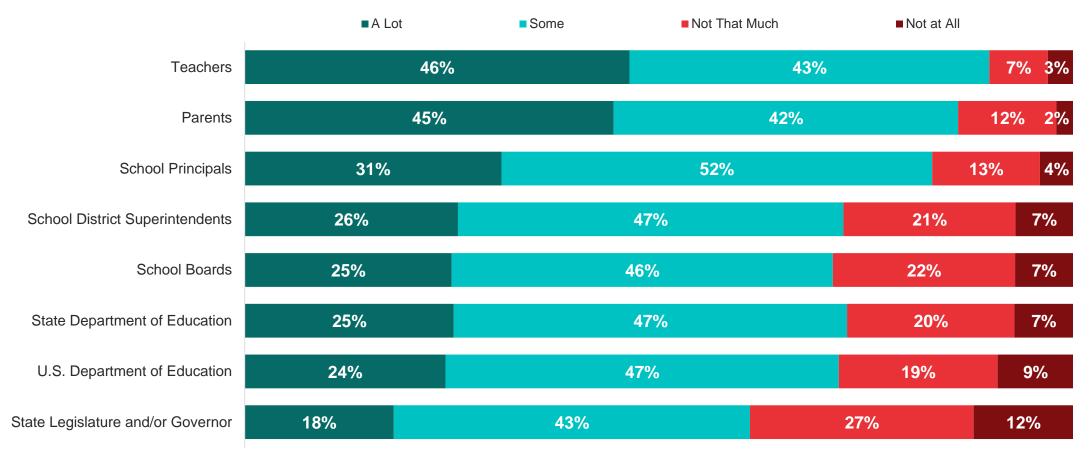
School parents are most likely to say that high school should focus on skills for future employment.

What do you believe should be the main purpose of education during **High School (9th through 12th grade)**? In your opinion, how important is it for students to learn...



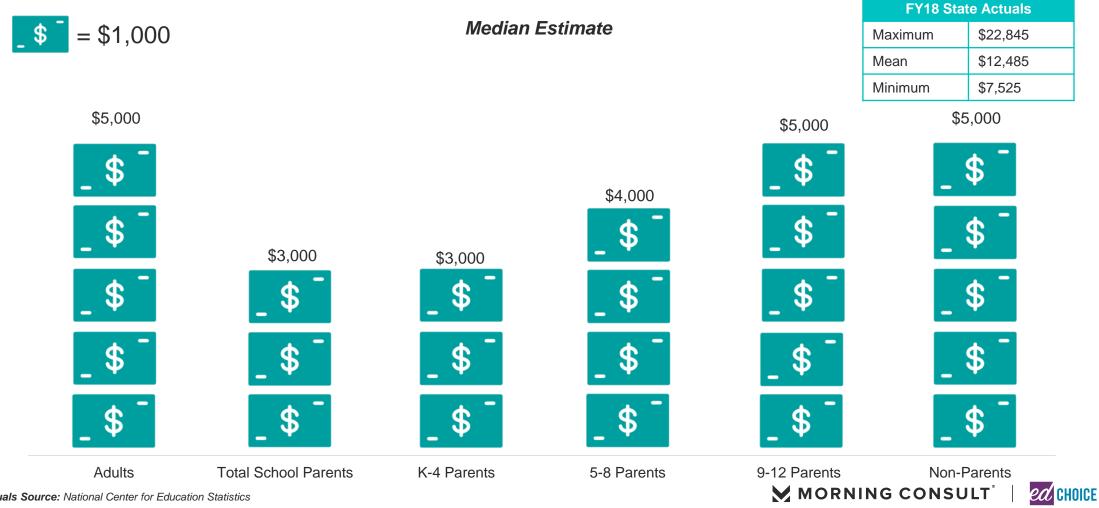
School parents are more likely to trust personal sources like teachers and parents to make good decisions about education.

How much, if at all, do you trust the following to make good decisions about education?



Americans, especially school parents of younger children, believe that government spending per student is much lower than actual expenditures.

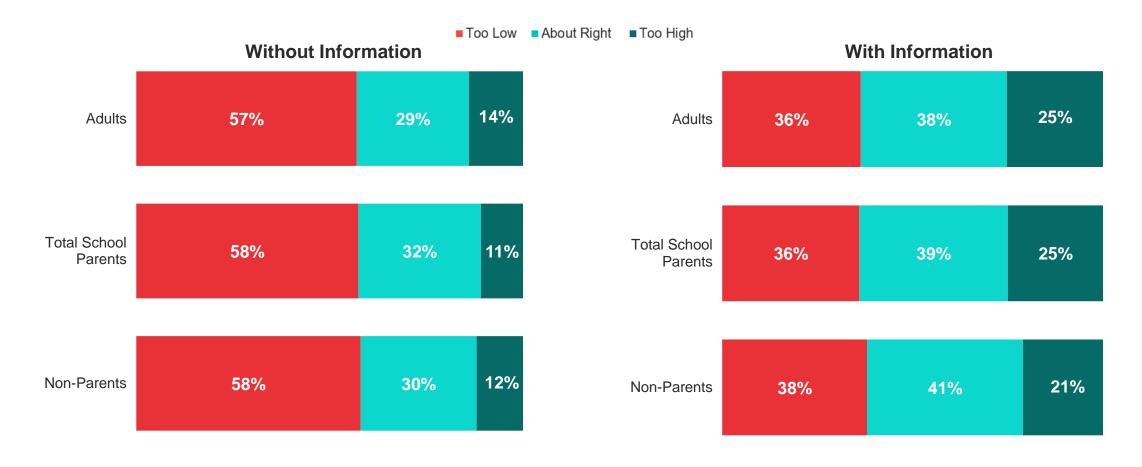
How much do you think is spent per year on each student in your state's public schools? Your estimate of the state average—to the nearest thousand dollars—will represent the combined expenditures of local, state, and federal governments.



Americans are much less likely (-21 points) to say their state's per-student spending is "too low" when given a publicly reported statistic.

Do you believe public school funding in [STATE] is:

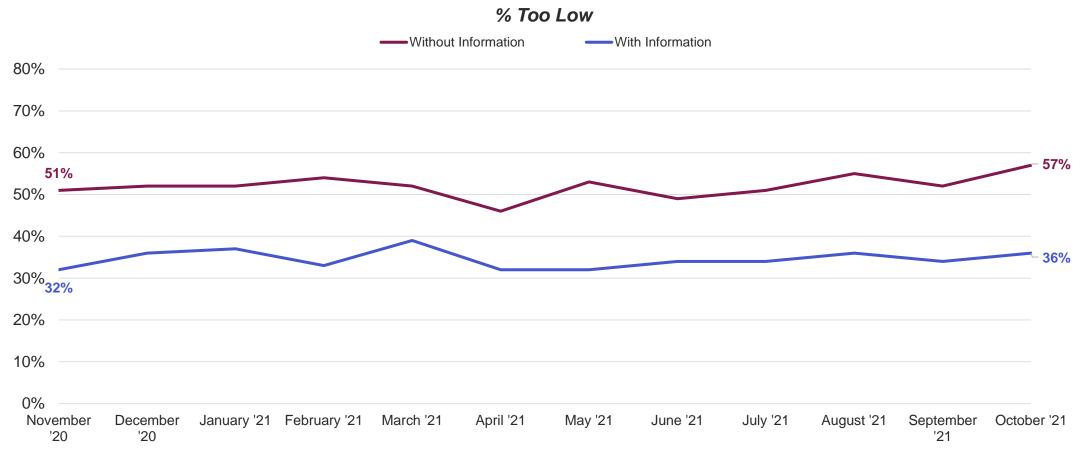
On average, [STATE] spends \$____ per student attending public school each year. Do you believe public school funding is:



When not given information, the percentage of Americans who believe public school funding is "too low" increased by five points in October.

Do you believe public school funding in [STATE] is:

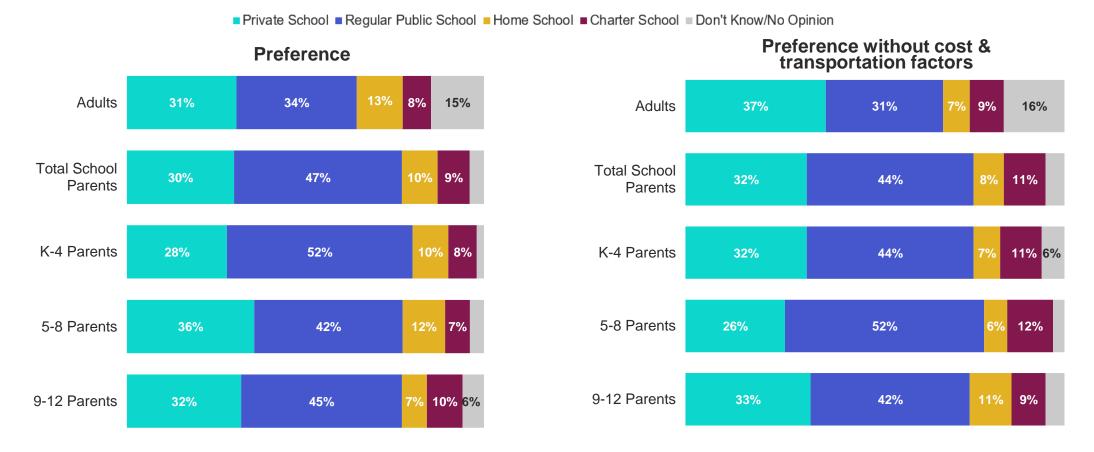
On average, [STATE] spends \$____ per student attending public school each year. Do you believe public school funding is:



In October, financial costs and transportation appear to matter for elementary and middle school parents' regarding their preferences for public school or private school.

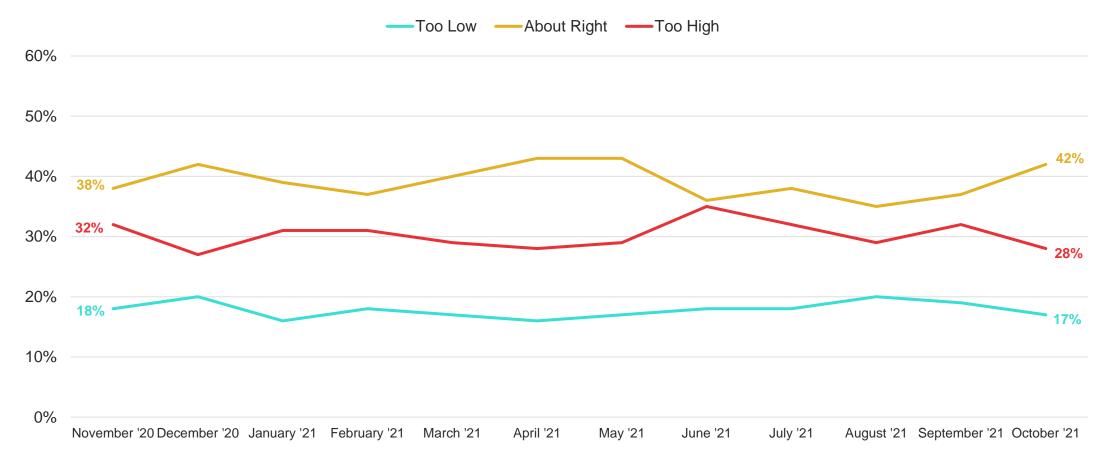
If given the option, what type of school would you select in order to obtain the best education for your child?

If given the option, and neither financial costs nor transportation were factors, what type of school would you select in order to obtain the best education for your child?



In October, school parents were more likely to say the time spent on standardized testing was 'about right'.

All public schools and most private schools give their students standardized tests during the school year. When thinking about students preparing for and taking these tests, in general, do you believe the amount of time spent on standardized testing in American schools is:



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SURVEY PROFILE AND DEMOGRAPHICS



Survey Profile, 1

Dates October 12-16, 2021

Survey Data Collection

& Quality Control Morning Consult

Survey Sponsor EdChoice

Population General Population (Adults, Age 18+)

Sampling Frame National sample of adults (age 18+) living in the United States,

including the District of Columbia, with an oversample of school

parents

Sampling Method Non-Probability, Stratified (based on Age, Gender)

Mode Online Survey

Language English

Survey Profile, 2

Survey Time Gen Pop Median = 10.88 minutes, Oversample Median = 13.12

minutes

Sample Size N = 2,200 General Population

N= 1,121 Total School Parents

Oversampling N = 700 School Parents

Quotas Age, Gender

Weighting Age, Race, Ethnicity, Gender, Education, Census Region

Measure of Precision

(adjusted for weighting) ± 2.57 percentage points (Gen Pop), ± 4.14 percentage points

(Oversample)

Participation Rate 32.32% (Gen Pop), 20.03% (Oversample)

Methods Page https://edchoice.morningconsultintelligence.com/methodology/

Project Contact Paul DiPerna, paul@edchoice.org

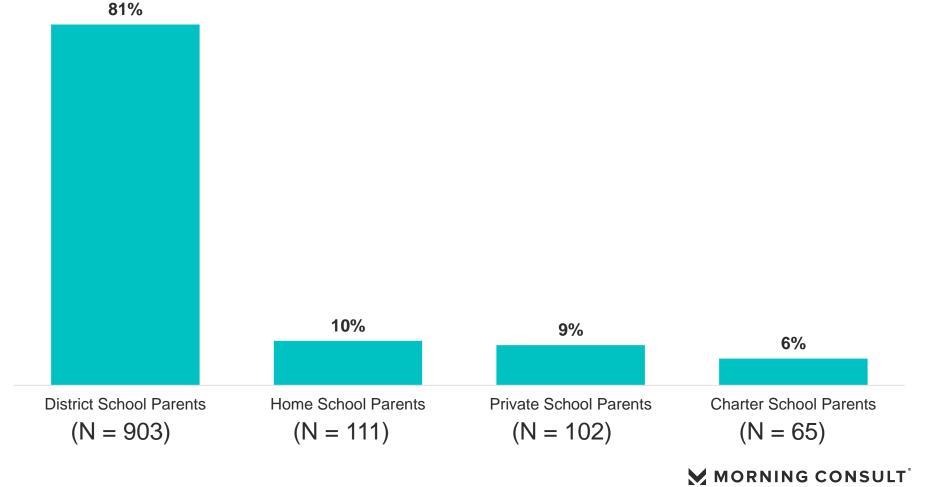
Demographics	Unweighted (N =)
Hispanic	123
Non-Hispanic White	1740
Black	216
Other	94
Generation Z	103
Millennial	719
Generation X	317
Boomers	875
Male	834
Female	1366
< College	1463
College +	737
Northeast	435
Midwest	536
South	891
West	338

Demographics	Unweighted (N =)
Total School Parents*	1121
K-4 Parents*	620
5-8 Parents*	434
9-12 Parents*	410
Non-Parents	874
Liberal	599
Moderate	681
Conservative	769
Democrat	791
Independent	574
Republican	712
Urban	504
Suburban	1015
Small Town	212
Rural	469
Low Income <\$35K	899
Middle Income \$35K to <\$75K	793
High Income \$75K+	508



Demographics	Unweighted	Weighted	Target (%)
Hispanic	6%	16%	16%
White	78%	78%	78%
Non-Hispanic White	79%	n/a	n/a
Black	10%	12%	12%
Other	5%	9%	9%
Age: 18-34	22%	30%	30%
Age: 35-54	32%	31%	31%
Age: 55+	46%	40%	40%
Age: 65+	26%	20%	20%
Male	38%	48%	48%
Female	62%	52%	52%
< College	67%	69%	69%
College +	33%	31%	31%
Northeast	20%	18%	18%
Midwest	24%	21%	21%
South	41%	37%	37%
West	15%	24%	24%

Parent groups based on estimated school type attendance for the 2021-2022 school year



Methodology Update

In addition to the monthly general population polling, Morning Consult oversamples K-12 school parents, among a national sample of parents living in the United States (including the District of Columbia). The sample is collected via stratified sampling based on race and ethnicity quota targets derived from the U.S. Census Bureau's 2017 Current Population Survey. Approximately 700 additional K-12 school parents are interviewed in English each month comprising the oversample. The completed K-12 school parent interviews are weighted to population totals obtained from the 2017 Current Population Survey on the following demographic variables: age, gender, region, race/ethnicity, and educational attainment. Morning Consult has also implemented a pre-administration quota to ensure at least 65 percent of K-12 parent respondents had at least one child attending a public district school.

Total School Parents	Have at least one child enrolled in grades K-12 for the 2021-2022 school year
Charter School Parents	Have at least one child enrolled in a charter school for the 2021-2022 school year
District/Public School Parents	Have at least one child enrolled in a district/public school for the 2021-2022 school year
Private School Parents	Have at least one child enrolled in a private school for the 2021-2022 school year
Home School Parents	Have at least one child enrolled in home school for the 2021-2022 school year



MORNING CONSULT®

Morning Consult is a global data intelligence company delivering insights on what people think in real time.

By surveying tens of thousands across the globe every day, Morning Consult is unmatched in scale and speed: It determines the true measure of what people think and how their decisions impact business, politics and the economy.

Industry leaders rely on Morning Consult's proprietary technology and analysis for real-time intelligence to transform information into a competitive advantage.



EdChoice is a 501(c)(3) nonprofit, nonpartisan organization. Our team is driven by the shared mission to advance freedom and choice in K-12 education where all families, regardless of race, origin or family income, are free to choose a learning environment—public or private, near or far, religious or secular—that works best for their children.

Learn more at: EDCHOICE.ORG



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